DUPLICATE

TOWN OF ARLINGTON

TOWN CLERK

	Date Augu	ut 30,	20 27
Rec'd fro	m 2-14 Medford Street.	LLC	
Address	455 Massachusetts Ave	enue, Su	ite 1
	Arlington, MA 02474		
By jaw	50/		
		AM	OUNT
	Certificate		
	Marriage Int.		
	Fin. Statement		
	Pole Location		
	Garage Renewal		
	Misc. Books		
	Sporting Licenses		
	Dup. Dog Tags		
Add	Dog Licenses		
	Citation #		
1	Misc. Licenses / Permits EDR	4,510	. 00
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DOCKET 3673

TOWN OF ARLINGTON REDEVELOPMENT BOARD

PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Application for Special Permit In Accordance with Environmental Design Review Procedures (Section 3.4 of the Zoning Bylaw)

	Docket No. <u>36.73</u>
1.	Property Address 455-457 Massachusetts Avenue & 2-14 Medford Street
	Name of Record Owner(s) 2-14 Medford Street, LLC Phone 781-654-6306
	Address of Owner 455 Massachusetts Avenue, Ste 1, Arlington, MA 02474
	Street City, State, Zip
2.	Name of Applicant(s) (if different than above) Address Phone
	Address Phone Status Relative to Property (occupant, purchaser, etc.)
3.	Location of Property Map 45, Lots 4-5.a
	Assessor's Block Plan, Block, Lot No.
4.	Deed recorded in the Registry of deeds, Book, Page; -or- registered in Land Registration Office, Cert. No
5.	Present Use of Property (include # of dwelling units, if any) Retail, Service, Restaurant
6.	Proposed Use of Property (include # of dwelling units, if any) Mixed-Use Apartment Units & Retail, Service, Restaurant
7.	Permit applied for in accordance with the following Zoning Bylaw section(s) See Exhibit "A" attached
8.	section(s) title(s) Please attach a statement that describes your project and provide any additional information that may aid the ARB in understanding the permits you request. Include any reasons that you feel you should be granted the requested permission. See attached
property which is of Appe with any Board, s	Clicant states that 2-14 Medford Street, LLCs the owner -or- occupant -or- purchaser under agreement of the in Arlington located at 455-457 Massachusetts Avenue & 2-14 Medford Street sthe subject of this application; and that unfavorable action -or- no unfavorable action has been taken by the Zoning Board cals on a similar application regarding this property within the last two years. The applicant expressly agrees to comply and all conditions and qualifications imposed upon this permission, either by the Zoning Bylaw or by the Redevelopment should the permit be granted.
	Massachusetts Avenue, Arlington, MA 02476 781-646-4911
Address	Phone

Exhibit A to Application for Special Permit in Accordance with Environmental Design Review

455-457 Massachusetts Avenue Arlington, MA

7. Permit applied for in accordance with the following Zoning Bylaw section(s):

3.4	Environmental Design Review
5.5.2	Dimensional and Density Regulations
SP	(Mixed Use <=20,000 SF)
6.12.5	Parking Reduction in a Business Zone
6.1.11	Parking Standards
5.3.21	Screening and Buffer Requirements
5.3.16	Setback Requirements
5.3.19	Reduced Height Buffer Area
5.3.8	Corner Lot Requirements
5.2.4	Multiple Principal Uses



Town of Arlington Redevelopment Board Application for Special Permit in accordance with Environmental Design Review (Section 3.4)

Required Submittals Checklist

Two full sets of materials and one electronic copy are required. A model may be requested. Review the ARB's Rules and Regulations, which can be found at arlingtonma.gov/arb, for the full list of required submittals.

<u>X</u>	Dimensional and Parking Information Form (see attached	d)
X	Site plan of proposal	
N/A	Model, if required	
_X	Drawing of existing conditions	
X	Drawing of proposed structure	
_X	Proposed landscaping. May be incorporated into site pla	n ·
<u>X</u>	Photographs	
<u>X</u>	Impact statement	
N/A	Application and plans for sign permits	
_X	Stormwater management plan (for stormwater management with new construction	ent during construction for projects
FOR (OFFICE USE ONLY	
-	_ Special Permit Granted	Date:
	_ Received evidence of filing with Registry of Deeds	Date:
E-STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STA	_ Notified Building Inspector of Special Permit filing	Date:

TOWN OF ARLINGTON REDEVELOPMENT BOARD

Petition for Special Permit under Environmental Design Review (see Section 3.4 of the Arlington Zoning Bylaw for Applicability)

For projects subject to Environmental Design Review, (see Section 3.4), please submit a statement that completely describes your proposal, and addresses each of the following standards.

- Preservation of Landscape. The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, insofar as practicable, by minimizing tree and soil removal, and any grade changes shall be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas.
- 2. Relation of Buildings to Environment. Proposed development shall be related harmoniously to the terrain and to the use, scale, and architecture of existing buildings in the vicinity that have functional or visual relationship to the proposed buildings. The Arlington Redevelopment Board may require a modification in massing to reduce the effect of shadows on abutting property in an R0, R1 or R2 district or on public open space.
- 3. Open Space. All open space (landscaped and usable) shall be so designed as to add to the visual amenities of the vicinity by maximizing its visibility for persons passing the site or overlooking it from nearby properties. The location and configuration of usable open space shall be so designed as to encourage social interaction, maximize its utility, and facilitate maintenance.
- 4. Circulation. With respect to vehicular, pedestrian and bicycle circulation, including entrances, ramps, walkways, drives, and parking, special attention shall be given to location and number of access points to the public streets (especially in relation to existing traffic controls and mass transit facilities), width of interior drives and access points, general interior circulation, separation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, access to community facilities, and arrangement of vehicle parking and bicycle parking areas, including bicycle parking spaces required by Section 8.13 that are safe and convenient and, insofar as practicable, do not detract from the use and enjoyment of proposed buildings and structures and the neighboring properties.
- 5. Surface Water Drainage. Special attention shall be given to proper site surface drainage so that removal of surface waters will not adversely affect neighboring properties or the public storm drainage system. Available Best Management Practices for the site should be employed, and include site planning to minimize impervious surface and reduce clearing and re-grading. Best Management Practices may include erosion control and storm water treatment by means of swales, filters, plantings, roof gardens, native vegetation, and leaching catch basins. Storm water should be treated at least minimally on the development site; that which cannot be handled on site shall be removed from all roofs, canopies, paved and pooling areas and carried away in an underground drainage system. Surface water in all paved areas shall be collected at intervals so that it will not obstruct the flow of vehicular or pedestrian traffic, and will not create puddles in the paved areas.

In accordance with Section 3.3.4, the Board may require from any applicant, after consultation with the Director of Public Works, security satisfactory to the Board to insure the maintenance of all storm water facilities such as catch basins, leaching catch basins, detention basins, swales, etc. within the site. The Board may use funds provided by such security to conduct maintenance that the applicant fails to do. The Board may adjust in its sole discretion the amount and type of financial security such that it is satisfied that the amount is sufficient to provide for the future maintenance needs.

- 6. Utility Service. Electric, telephone, cable TV and other such lines and equipment shall be underground. The proposed method of sanitary sewage disposal and solid waste disposal from all buildings shall be indicated.
- 7. Advertising Features. The size, location, design, color, texture, lighting and materials of all permanent signs and outdoor advertising structures or features shall not detract from the use and enjoyment of proposed buildings and structures and the surrounding properties. Advertising features are subject to the provisions of Section 6.2 of the Zoning Bylaw.

- 8. Special Features. Exposed storage areas, exposed machinery installations, service areas, truck loading areas, utility buildings and structures, and similar accessory areas and structures shall be subject to such setbacks, screen plantings or other screening methods as shall reasonably be required to prevent their being incongruous with the existing or contemplated environment and the surrounding properties.
- 9. Safety. With respect to personal safety, all open and enclosed spaces shall be designed to facilitate building evacuation and maximize accessibility by fire, police, and other emergency personnel and equipment. Insofar as practicable, all exterior spaces and interior public and semi-public spaces shall be so designed as to minimize the fear and probability of personal harm or injury by increasing the potential surveillance by neighboring residents and passersby of any accident or attempted criminal act.
- 10. Heritage. With respect to Arlington's heritage, removal or disruption of historic, traditional or significant uses, structures, or architectural elements shall be minimized insofar as practicable, whether these exist on the site or on adjacent properties.
- 11. Microclimate. With respect to the localized climatic characteristics of a given area, any development which proposes new structures, new hard-surface ground coverage, or the installation of machinery which emits heat, vapor, or fumes, shall endeavor to minimize, insofar as practicable, any adverse impact on light, air, and water resources, or on noise and temperature levels of the immediate environment.
- 12. Sustainable Building and Site Design. Projects are encouraged to incorporate best practices related to sustainable sites, water efficiency, energy and atmosphere, materials and resources, and indoor environmental quality. Applicants must submit a current Green Building Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) checklist, appropriate to the type of development, annotated with narrative description that indicates how the LEED performance objectives will be incorporated into the project. [LEED checklists can be found at http://www.usgbc.org/DisplayPage.aspx?CMSPageID=220b]

In addition, projects subject to Environmental Design Review must address and meet the following Special Permit Criteria (see Section 3.3.3 of the Zoning Bylaw):

- 1. The use requested is listed as a special permit in the use regulations for the applicable district or is so designated elsewhere in this Bylaw.
- 2. The requested use is essential or desirable to the public convenience or welfare.
- 3. The requested use will not create undue traffic congestion or unduly impair pedestrian safety.
- 4. The requested use will not overload any public water, drainage or sewer system or any other municipal system to such an extent that the requested use or any developed use in the immediate area or in any other area of the Town will be unduly subjected to hazards affecting health, safety or the general welfare.
- 5. Any special regulations for the use as may be provided in this Bylaw are fulfilled.
- 6. The requested use will not impair the integrity or character of the district or adjoining districts, nor be detrimental to the health, morals, or welfare.
- 7. The requested use will not, by its addition to a neighborhood, cause an excess of the particular use that could be detrimental to the character of said neighborhood.

TOWN OF ARLINGTON

Dimensional and Parking Information for Application to The Arlington Redevelopment Board

	Docket No	
	Zoning DistrictB3	
Address:	455 Massachusetts Ave, Arlington, N	1A
	their gross square feet: 8,588 GSF	
Uses and	their gross square feet:	

Present Use/Occupancy: No. of Dwelling Units:

Property Location 455-457 Massachusetts Ave

Retail, Service, Restaurant

Owner: 2-14 Medford Street, LLC

Lot Size

Frontage

Height

Stories

Feet

Floor Area Ratio

Front Yard Depth (feet) Side Yard Width (feet)

Rear Yard Depth (feet)

Open Space (% of G.F.A.)

Landscaped (square feet)

Usable (square feet)

Parking Spaces (No.)

Loading Spaces (No.) Type of Construction

Distance to Nearest Building

Lot Coverage (%), where applicable

Proposed Use/Occupancy: No. of Dwelling Units:

Mixed-Use, 13 Apartment Units & Retail, Service, Restaurant

2-Story Mixed-Use, 28,373 GSF

Present Conditions	Proposed Conditions	Min. or Max. Required by Zoning for Proposed Use	
18,929 SF	18,929 SF	min	
124.8 FT	124.8 FT	min. 50 FT	
0.98	1.5	max. 1.5	
N/A	N/A	max	
N/A	N/A	min	
0 FT	0 FT	min. 0 FT	
		min	
0 FT	0 FT	min. 0 FT	
0.6 FT	0.6 FT	min. (H+L)/6	
		min	
2-STORY	2-STORY	stories 5-STORY	
<35 FT	<35 FT	feet 60 FT	2,457 SF/10,211SF
		min	(Res. Floor Area)
0 %	24.1 %	(s.f.) 10% 1,021 SF	10,211 SF (Res. Floor Area) X 0.10 = 1,021 S
0 %	0 %	(s.f.) 20% 2,042 SF	10,211 SF (Res. Floor
14*	16	_{min.} 31.9	Area) X 0.20 = 2,042
N/A	N/A	min. N/A	
N/A	N/A	min. N/A	
NEW CONS	TRUCTION		
0 FT	0 FT	min.	

Lot Area per Dwelling Unit (square feet) right side left side Parking Area Setbacks (feet), where applicable

> *8 SPACES FROM THE EXSITING 14 SPACES ARE TANDOM SPACES, BLOCKED IN BY THE OTHER 6.

TOWN OF ARLINGTON REDEVELOPMENT BOARD

Petition for Special Permit under Environmental Design Review (see Section 3.4 of the Arlington Zoning Bylaw for Applicability)

For projects subject to Environmental Design Review, (see Section 3.4), please submit a statement that completely describes your proposal, and addresses each of the following standards.

1. Preservation of Landscape. The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, insofar as practicable, by minimizing tree and soil removal, and any grade changes shall be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas.

There is no existing landscaping on-site and the proposed design will introduce an arborvitae row, shrubs, and Serviceberry tree along Park Terrace, See Allen & Major Associates, Inc planting schedule – trees, shrubs, groundcovers, and perennials dated August 20, 2021, Landscape Plan No. L-101 as part of the Applicant's submission. The existing street trees along Mass Ave will be protected and maintained. Also, the proposed design has been graded to closely match the existing building.

2. Relation of Buildings to Environment. Proposed development shall be related harmoniously to the terrain and to the use, scale, and architecture of existing buildings in the vicinity that have functional or visual relationship to the proposed buildings. The Arlington Redevelopment Board may require a modification in massing to reduce the effect of shadows on abutting property in an RO, R1 or R2 district or on public open space.

The proposed construction has been developed in a manner consistent with the existing building structures at the site and to the use, scale, and architecture of existing building in the vicinity of the property that have functional or visual relationship to the proposed construction. No part of the proposed structure is higher than the existing structure. Shadows from the proposed structure will not have an adverse impact on any Residential (R) use.

3. Open Space. All open space (landscaped and usable) shall be so designed as to add to the visual amenities of the vicinity by maximizing its visibility for persons passing the site or overlooking it from nearby properties. The location and configuration of usable open space shall be so designed as to encourage social interaction, maximize its utility, and facilitate maintenance.

The existing site has no open space. The Applicant proposes to add 2,457 square feet of landscaped open space. This area includes planted areas and pervious

paver systems. This area has been calculated to 24.1% of the residential floor area.

4. Circulation. With respect to vehicular, pedestrian and bicycle circulation, including entrances, ramps, walkways, drives, and parking, special attention shall be given to location and number of access points to the public streets (especially in relation to existing traffic controls and mass transit facilities), width of interior drives and access points, general interior circulation, separation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, access to community facilities, and arrangement of vehicle parking and bicycle parking areas, including bicycle parking spaces required by Section 8.13 that are safe and convenient and, insofar as practicable, do not detract from the use and enjoyment of proposed buildings and structures and the neighboring properties.

The existing parking situation is not functional. 8 spaces from the existing 14 spaces are tandem spaces blocked in by other 6 spaces. The proposed layout provides a functional 16 spaces.

5. Surface Water Drainage. Special attention shall be given to proper site surface drainage so that removal of surface waters will not adversely affect neighboring properties or the public storm drainage system. Available Best Management Practices for the site should be employed and include site planning to minimize impervious surface and reduce clearing and re-grading. Best Management Practices may include erosion control and storm water treatment by means of swales, filters, plantings, roof gardens, native vegetation, and leaching catch basins. Storm water should be treated at least minimally on the development site; that which cannot be handled on site shall be removed from all roofs, canopies, paved and pooling areas and carried away in an underground drainage system. Surface water in all paved areas shall be collected at intervals so that it will not obstruct the flow of vehicular or pedestrian traffic and will not create puddles in the paved areas.

Surface water drainage at the site will be improved with the installation of pervious paver systems and an underground infiltration system. These systems will receive clean roof runoff for storm water recharge and greatly reduce the quantity of stormwater runoff from the parcel.

The proposed work will also result in approximately 1,008 square feet of impervious material being replaced with landscaped areas. See Allen & Major Associates, Inc. letter to the Director of Planning & Community Development dated August 20, 2021.

In accordance with Section 3.3.4, the Board may require from any applicant, after consultation with the Director of Public Works, security satisfactory to the Board to insure the maintenance of all storm water facilities such as catch basins, leaching catch basins, detention basins, swales, etc. within the site. The Board may use funds provided by such security to conduct maintenance that the applicant fails to do. The Board may

adjust in its sole discretion the amount and type of financial security such that it is satisfied that the amount is sufficient to provide for the future maintenance needs.

6. Utility Service. Electric, telephone, cable TV and other such lines and equipment shall be underground. The proposed method of sanitary sewage disposal and solid waste disposal from all buildings shall be indicated.

Utility service would be through a tie into existing utility lines at the site.

7. Advertising Features. The size, location, design, color, texture, lighting and materials of all permanent signs and outdoor advertising structures or features shall not detract from the use and enjoyment of proposed buildings and structure and the surrounding properties. Advertising features are subject to the provisions of Section 6.2 of the Zoning Bylaw.

Any proposed relief with respect to advertising signage will be initially through the Planning Department for the purpose of determining whether any signage issues can be handled administratively or whether those issues need to go before the ARB.

- 8. Special Features. Exposed storage areas, exposed machinery installations, service areas, truck loading areas, utility buildings and structures, and similar accessory areas and structures shall be subject to such setbacks, screen plantings or other screening methods as shall reasonably be required to prevent their being incongruous with the existing or contemplated environment and the surrounding properties.
- 9. Safety. With respect to personal safety, all open and enclosed spaces shall be designed to facilitate building evacuation and maximize accessibility by fire, police, and other emergency personnel and equipment. Insofar as practicable, all exterior spaces and interior public and semi-public spaces shall be so designed as to minimize the fear and probability of personal harm or injury by increasing the potential surveillance by neighboring residents and passersby of any accident or attempted criminal act.

With respect to personal safety all open and enclosed spaces have been designed to facilitate building evacuation and maximize accessibility by fire, police, and other emergency personnel and equipment. All spaces have been designed to comply with applicable codes and ordinances.

10. Heritage. With respect to Arlington's heritage, removal, or disruption of historic, traditional, or significant uses, structures, or architectural elements shall be minimized insofar as practicable, whether these exist on the site or on adjacent properties.

The Applicant understands that it will need to appear before the Arlington Historical Commission with respect to its plans as both structures i.e., the Massachusetts Avenue structure and the 4-14 Medford Street structure are part of

the Arlington Center Historic District, although only the 4-14 Medford Street structure is a contributing historic structure.

11. Microclimate. With respect to the localized climatic characteristics of a given area, any development which proposes new structures, new hard-surface ground coverage, or the installation of machinery which emits heat, vapor, or fumes, shall endeavor to minimize, insofar as practicable, any adverse impact on light, air, and water resources, or on noise and temperature levels of the immediate environment.

Adequate provision has been made for any emission of heat vapor fumes from the property so as to endeavor to minimize, insofar as practicable, any adverse impact on light, air and water resources, or noise and temperature levels of the immediate environment.

12. Sustainable Building and Site Design. Projects are encouraged to incorporate best practices related to sustainable sites, water efficiency, energy and atmosphere, materials and resources, and indoor environmental quality. Applicants must submit a current Green Building Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) checklist, appropriate to the type of development, annotated with narrative description that indicates how the LEED performance objectives will be incorporated into the project. [LEED checklists can be found at http://www.usgbc.org/DisplayPage.aspx?CMSPageID=220b]

See LEED submission for the project dated August 11, 2021, as part of the Applicant's submission.

In addition, projects subject to Environmental Design Review must address and meet the following Special Permit Criteria (see Section 3.3.3 of the Zoning Bylaw):

1. The use requested is listed as a special permit in the use regulations for the applicable district or is so designated elsewhere in this Bylaw.

The use requested is listed as a Special Permit in the use regulations for the applicable district. See Section 5.5.2 (a) Districts and Uses contained within the Zoning Bylaw.

2. The requested use is essential or desirable to the public convenience or welfare.

The requested use is essential or desirable to the public convenience or welfare because a portion of the property has been vacant for a substantial period of time within Arlington Center and the proposal seeks to add a restaurant use as well as residential use to the site on mixed-use basis which comports with the provisions of the Master Plan.

3. The requested use will not create undue traffic congestion or unduly impair pedestrian safety.

The requested use will not create undue traffic congestion or unduly impair pedestrian safety as indicated within the substance of the Applicant's plans.

4. The requested use will not overload any public water, drainage or sewer system or any other municipal system to such an extent that the requested use or any developed use in the immediate area or in any other area of the Town will be unduly subjected to hazards affecting health, safety, or the general welfare.

The requested use will not overload any public water, drainage or sewer system or any municipal system.

5. Any special regulations for the use as may be provided in this Bylaw are fulfilled.

Any special regulations for the use as may be provided for in the Bylaw are fulfilled.

6. The requested use will not impair the integrity or character of the district or adjoining districts, nor be detrimental to the health, morals, or welfare.

The requested use will not impair the integrity or character of the district or adjoining districts, nor be detrimental to the health, morals, or welfare, but rather it will enhance the integrity and character of the district and adjoining districts because of the addition of a restaurant use as well as more residential use which again comports with the substance Master Plan and the design of the changes to

the existing building do not result in massing issues but rather is compatible with the physical characteristics of other buildings in the neighborhood of the property.

7. The requested use will not, by its addition to a neighborhood, cause an excess of the particular use that could be detrimental to the character of said neighborhood.

The requested use will not, by its addition to a neighborhood, cause an excess of that use which could be detrimental to the character of said neighborhood because the requested use will enhance the character of the neighborhood because of the nature and type of the construction which will fit in nicely with adjoining structures in the district.

455-457 Massachusetts Avenue Arlington, MA

Environmental Impact Statement

The Petitioner is requesting a Special Permit for a mixed-use development project at 455-457 Massachusetts Avenue and 4-14 Medford Street.

The site is located on the corner of Medford Street and Massachusetts Avenue in a B3 zone and there is an existing curb cut to the parcel located off of Park Terrace to the rear of the parcel.

The lot size is 18,929 square feet and the property has frontage of 124.8 feet on both Massachusetts Avenue and Medford Street while zoning requires 50 feet.

The changes to the building will result in a mixed-use building containing thirteen (13) apartment units with a retail, service and restaurant component with the gross square feet of the mixed-use building containing 28,373 square feet.

The floor area ration is presently 0.98 and the proposed FAR is 1.5 and the requirement for zoning is 1.5.

There is a zero-foot front yard setback and there is zero right and left side setback.

The rear yard depth is 0.6 feet, and the proposed rear yard depth will also be 0.6 feet.

The current height of the building is a two-story building, and the proposed height would also be a two-story building while zoning in the B3 zone would allow a five-story height.

The height in feet of the existing building is 35 feet and the proposed height would also be 35 feet while zoning would allow 60 feet.

There is presently no open space at the site and the Petitioner's plans propose to add 2,457 square feet of landscaped open space including planted areas and pervious paver systems which would result in the landscaped open space having a percentage of 24.1% of the residential floor area.

There is no existing usable open space and there is no ability to create usable open space and it would be the Petitioner's position that the existing building is non-conforming with respect to the usable open space requirement contained in the zoning

bylaw and the proposed changes to the building do not increase the non-conformity to the extent that the non-conformity with respect to usable open space is extinguished.

There are presently fourteen (14) parking spaces at the site and sixteen (16) are proposed while zoning requires 30.19 parking spaces. Petitioner will be seeking zoning relief with respect to Section 6.1.5 (c) of the zoning bylaw with regard to a reduction in the parking requirement in accordance with the transportation demand management provisions of the zoning bylaw.

Waivers are being requested with respect Section 6.1.11 – Parking Standards - Petitioner is requesting that the drive aisle width requirement be reduced from 24 feet to 20 feet as well as a reduction in the amount of parking spaces required and the manner of which parking will occur on the site.

A waiver is also being requested in connection with 5.3.21 – the screening and buffering requirements contained in the bylaw as the Petitioner's proposed plans do not allow for the required buffer along the rear of the lot abutting the R1 zone.

A waiver is also being requested in connection with Section 5.3.16 – Setback Requirements – which section gives the ARB the authority to grant a special permit to adjust the required setbacks contained in the bylaw to account for specific conditions unique to the proposal.

It is Petitioner's position that the existing configuration of the lot and the plans to not change the character of the site significantly would represent conditions unique to the proposal allowing the ARB to grant relief with respect to this section of the bylaw.

Relief is also sought from the provisions of Section 5.3.19, i.e., reduced height buffer. It is the Petitioner's position that if this waiver is required, it may already be complying with its provisions as its plans will have no adverse effect on abutting uses (school, church) in the R1 district.

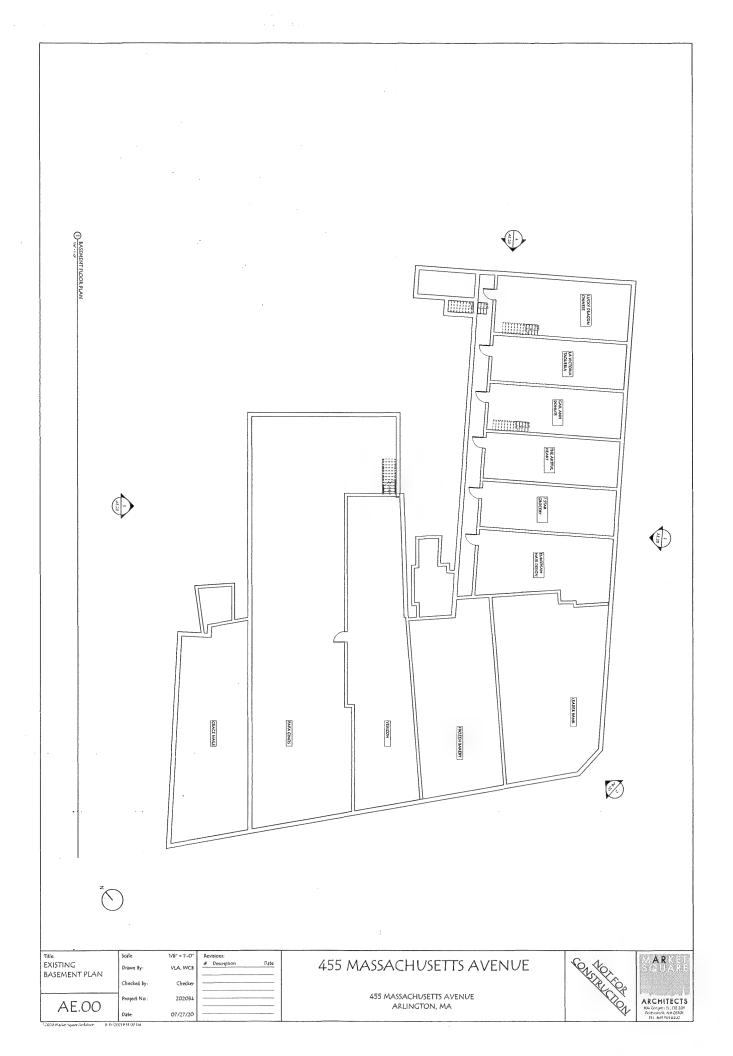
Relief is also sought from Section 3.3.8, the corner lot requirement contained in the bylaw.

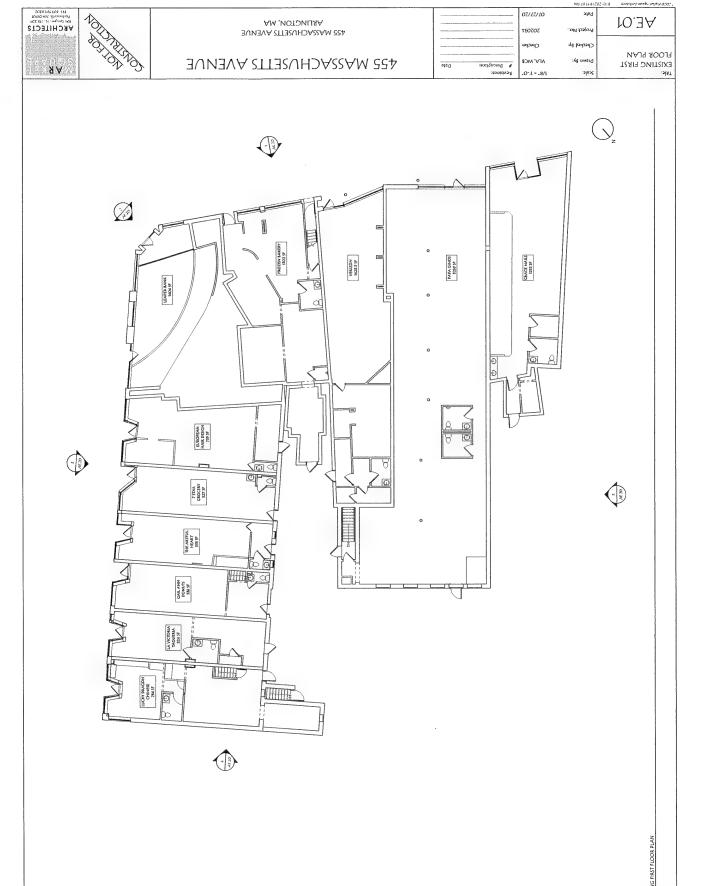
Relief would also be sought, if necessary, from the provisions of Section 5.2.4, the multiple principal use section of the zoning bylaw as there will be two uses with respect to the property, i.e., a commercial use as well as a residential use.

Petitioner is providing covered bicycle parking and storage and is prepared to provide bicycle sharing on site and would be open to other means acceptable to the ARB with respect to satisfying the provisions of the transportation demand management provisions of the zoning bylaw.

It is the Petitioner's position that its proposal if approved by the ARB will result in a welcome addition to the heart of Arlington Center, large portions of which have fallen into disuse over many years as the design will add thirteen (13) residential apartments which could be a step toward enlivening retail activity in Arlington Center, an element which has been sorely missed for many years.

It is also the Petitioner's position that its planned design will have no adverse environmental impact upon the neighborhood in which the property is located but rather will result in an improvement to the neighborhood by adding a mix of residential and commercial uses at the site comporting with objectives set forth within the substance of Master Plan.



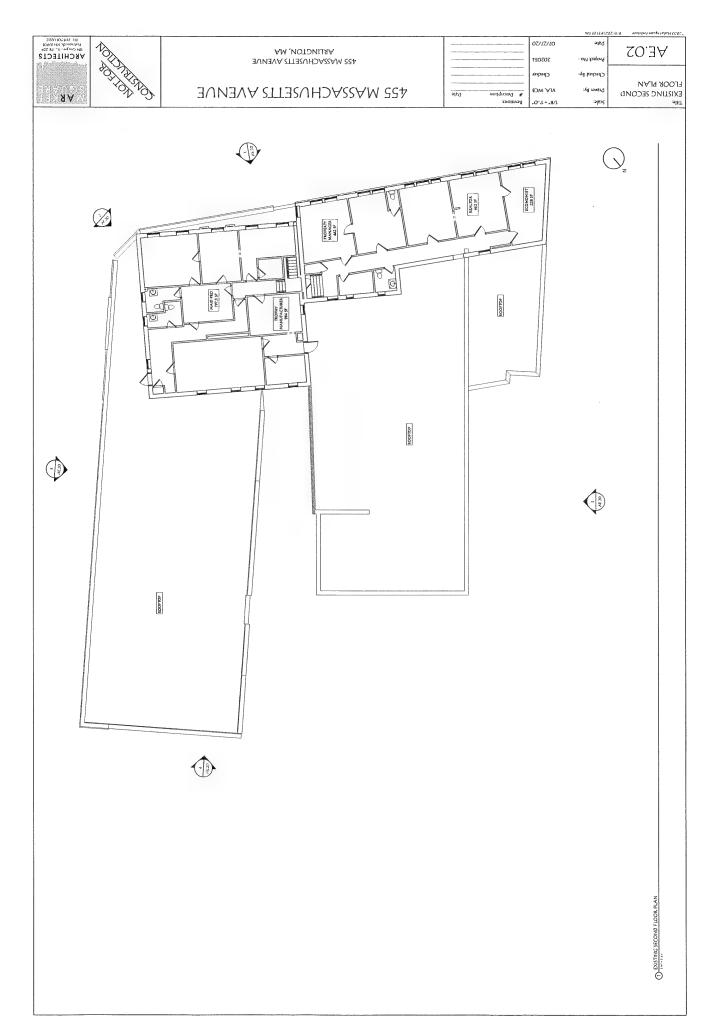


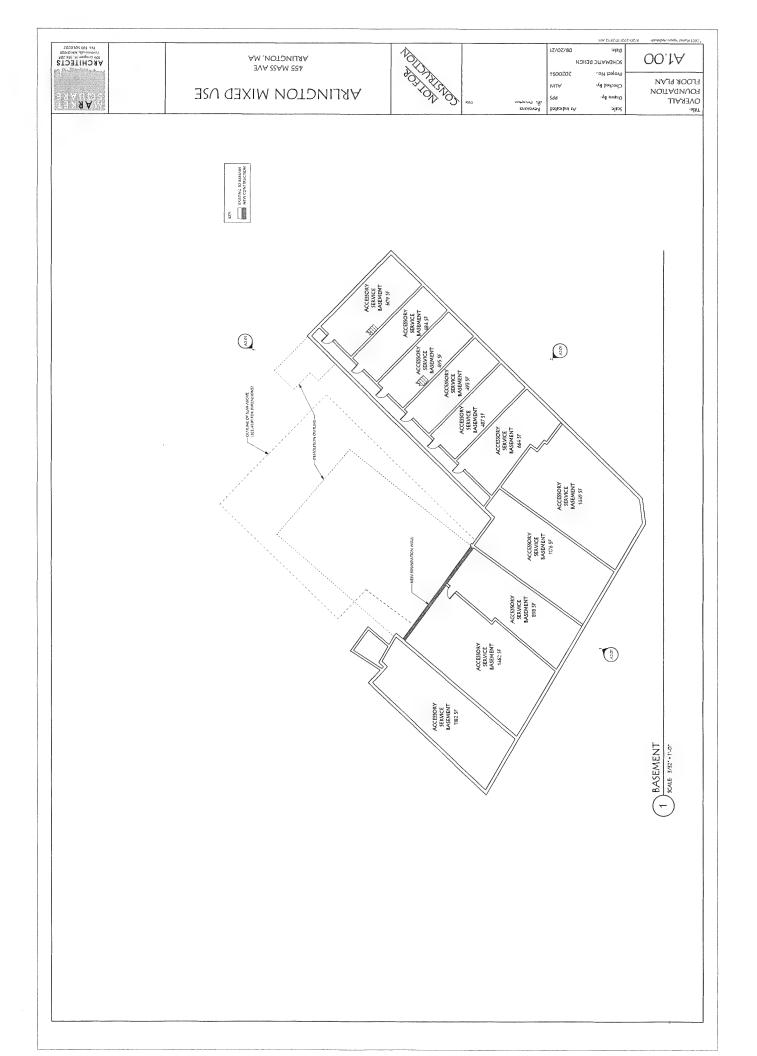
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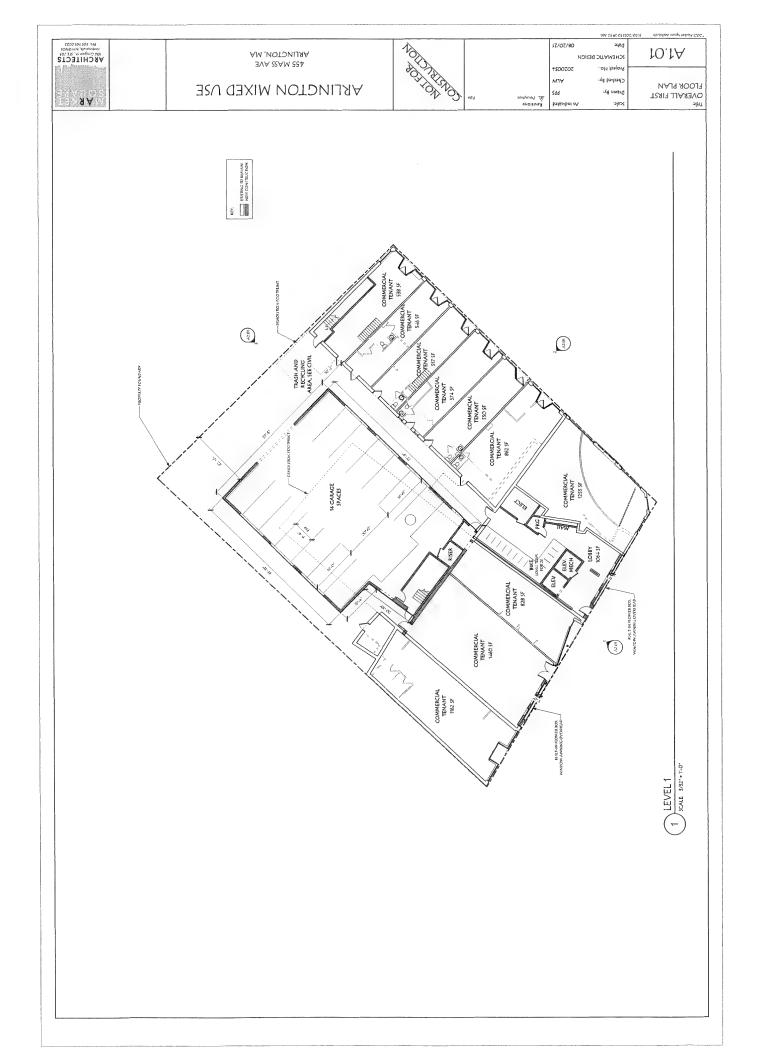
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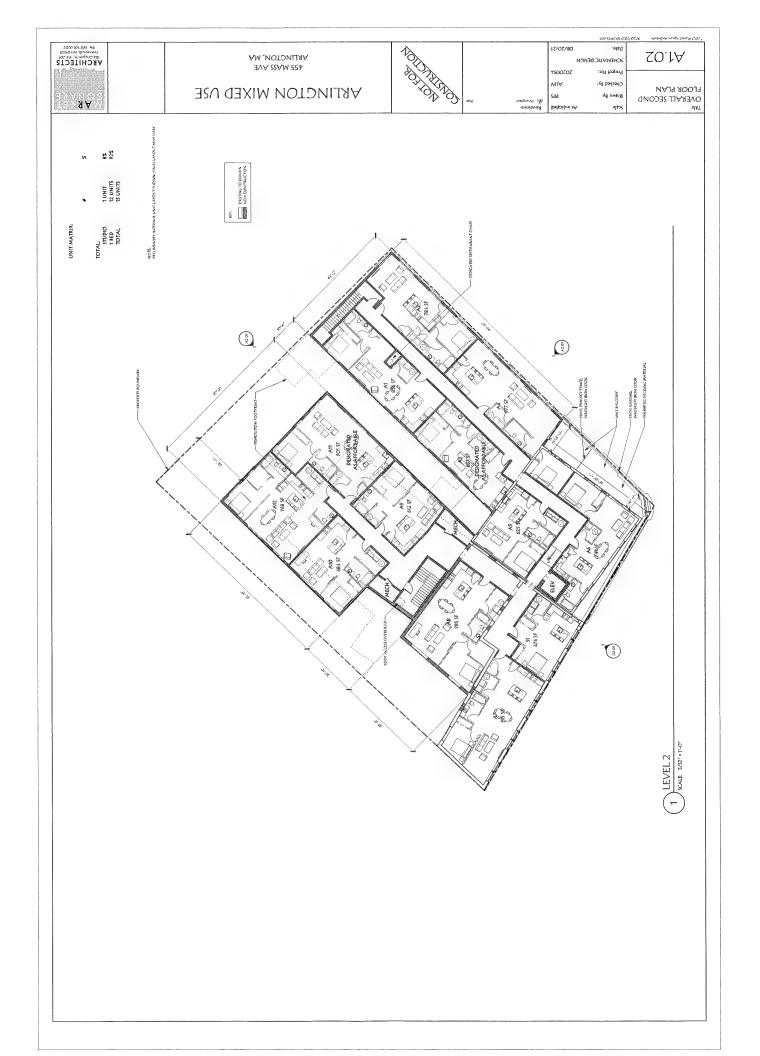
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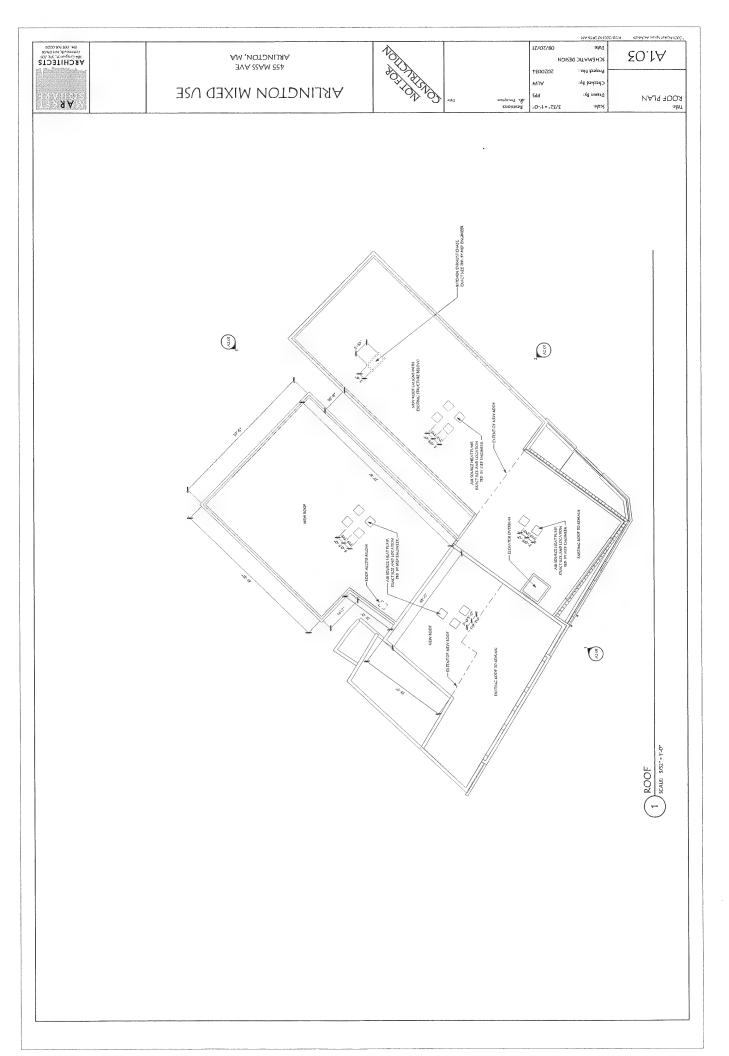
VECHILECT2











17/07/80 ARCHITECTS
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1 criticacula, NH OHIOT ARLINGTON, MA 10.2A NDIS34 DITAM3HDS 455 MASS AVE 1500202 Project No. WJA EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS ARLINGTON MIXED USE УΚ Sdd Diswn By: Revisions: .0-.1 = .8/ **** 8005 8085 9080 8000 8000 0 SAICKell 0 B B 19 EXTERIOR ELEVATION - REAR EXTERIOR ELEVATION - MASS AVE M EXTERIOR ELEVATION - MEDFORD ST SCALE 1/8"-1"-0" 7 BOARD AND BATTEN FIBER CEMENT (LT GREEN)
CLAPBOARD FIBER CEMENT (LT GREEN)
BOARD AND BATTEN FIBER CEMENT (WHITE)
BRICK FINISH FC-1 FC-2 FC-3 6RICK-1

10.9A











455 MASS AVE ARLINGTON, MA



LEED v4 for Building Design and Construction: Homes and Multifamily Lowrise Project Checklist

Project Name: 455 Massachusetts Ave, Arlington, MA 02476 Date: 8/11/2021

16	

Z		•			
Credit	Integrative Process	7		EA PRESCRIPTIVE PATH (continued)	
14 1 0 Loca	Location and Transportation	15	3 Credit	Heating & Cooling Distribution Systems	3
	Floodplain Avoidance	Required	3 Credit	Efficient Domestic Hot Water Equipment	m
	PERFORMANCE PATH		2 Credit	Lighting	2
apost C	LEED for Naichborhood Davalonment Location	15		High Efficiency Appliances	2
	PRESCRIPTIVE PATH	2	4	Renewable Energy	1 4
S Credit	Site Selection	80			
-	Compact Development	ю	3 5 2 Mater	Materials and Resources	10
-	Security Description			Certified Tronical Wood	Required
	Account of Toronto	۱ ,		Durahilita Managamant	Dediliped
Credit	Access to Transit	7	•	Durability Management Voitention	nedaled Teddied
				Durability Management Verification	
4 0 3 Sust	Sustainable Sites	7	4	Environmentally Preferable Products	4
Y	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required	3 Credit	Construction Waste Management	ო
Y	No Invasive Plants	Required	2 Credit	Material Efficient Framing	2
2 Credit	Heat Island Reduction	2			
3 Credit	Rainwater Management	ო	8 6 2 Indoo	Indoor Environmental Quality	16
2 Credit	Non-Toxic Pest Control	2	Y	Ventilation	Required
			Y	Combustion Venting	Required
4 0 6 Wate	Water Efficiency	12	Prereq	Garage Pollutant Protection	Required
	Water Matering	Required	Y	Radon-Resistant Construction	Required
	. Va home machana]>		To Carrier Co
	PERTURIENCE FAIR			Air Filtering	De inied
Credit		12	Y	Environmental Tobacco Smoke	Required
	PRESCRIPTIVE PATH		Y Prereq	Compartmentalization	Required
4 2 Credit	Indoor Water Use	9	1 2 Credit	Enhanced Ventilation	ന
4 Credit	Outdoor Water Use	4	2 Credit	Contaminant Control	2
			3 Credit	Balancing of Heating and Cooling Distribution Systems	က
12 19 6 Ener	Energy and Atmosphere	38	1 Credit	Enhanced Compartmentalization	-
-	Minimum Energy Performance	Required	2 Credit	Enhanced Combustion Venting	2
Y	Energy Metering	Required	2 Credit	Enhanced Garage Pollutant Protection	2
Prered	Education of the Homeowner, Tenant or Building Manager	Required	3 Credit	Low Emitting Products	က
	PERFORMANCE PATH				
Credit	Annual Energy Use	29	0 2 4 Innovation	ation	9
	BOTH PATHS		Y	Preliminary Rating	Required
2 3 Credit	Efficient Hot Water Distribution System	5	1 4 Credit	Innovation	ις
1 Credit	Advanced Utility Tracking	7	1 Credit	LEED AP Homes	-
1 Credit	Active Solar Ready Design	-			
1 Credit	HVAC Start-Up Credentialing	-	0 4 0 Regic	Regional Priority	4
	PRESCRIPTIVE PATH		1 Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
Y	томументы мужети применты приме	Required	1 Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	-
3 Credit	Building Orientation for Passive Solar	က	1 Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	-
2 Credit	Air Infiltration	2	1 Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
2 Credit	Envelope Insulation	2			
3 Credit	Windows	ო	45 37 23 TOTALS	LS - Possible Points:	oints: 110 ··
4 Credit	Space Heating & Cooling Equipment	4	Certified: 40	Certified: 40 to 49 points, Silver: 50 to 59 points, Gold: 60 to 79 points, Platinum: 80 to 110	um: 80 to 110
	•				

With the 455 Mass Ave. project the process here to develop the upper level residential...

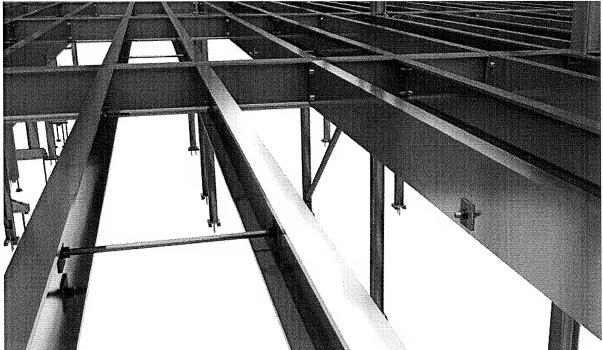
- Prep existing masonry structure to receive new structural supports / beams that we
 would call "fly over" construction, these beams would run over the existing roof structure
 allowing a small interstitial space to run MEP mains, branch lines, water & sewer.
- The fly over beams ideally would have intermediate structural steel beams, smaller in size to space from one fly over beam to the next, thereby creating a grid size roughly 8 ft x 8 ft, we would install 4-inch-thick metal decking, we would install t-studs and pour a light-weight concrete slab.
- We would use the new upper-level slab as our starting point to frame in either wood or light gauge metal framing (LGMF) all new walls and roof system for the new upper residential units.
- We would extend all MEP items that run through the roof and continue these through the upper floor and through the new roof, some may be consolidated if possible.
- We would construct the new addition on a standard spread footing below frost extending
 up above grade with a new 12" thick foundation, this foundation will support the upper
 level, through a formed concrete or "cast in place" structural wall and in combination
 support structural steel beams to support the new second floor system, this will match
 the height of the new fly-over steel/concrete slab so all upper levels are on the same
 level.
- And same method used for the fly-over slab we would frame in either wood or light gauge metal framing (LGMF) all new walls and roof system for the new upper residential units.
- The new stair tower and the renovated lobby we are recommending to be built out of a masonry CMU (Masonry Block) walls, with proper fire ratings, assume a steel diamond plate stair system with standard railings to the new 2nd floor.
- We need to allow for demolition of the existing 2nd floor building and framing, this would all need to be removed and we can install a temporary rubber roof system installed over the existing wood framed floor system, this system is similar to the existing roof framing that would remain on the first section.
- Provisions need to be made to enhance the existing brick bearing walls to accommodate
 the new structural flyover construction, this will mean that on selective evenings we will
 need to enter the retail spaces below to reinforce the masonry wall to accept new beams

above, this can be done relatively quickly and most of the work would be prefabricated 4-inch tube steel columns installed directly to the walls and bolted or welded to the structure, drilling through the wall from the outside and running galvanized threaded rod through the masonry wall and attached to the new steel columns.

I hope this helps explain the process to build this exciting project.











Issued: August 20, 2021

Jennifer Raitt Director of Planning & Community Development 730 Massachusetts Ave Arlington, MA 02476 RE: Mixed-Use Redevelopment Drainage Summary Letter 455-457 Massachusetts Ave Arlington, MA 02476

Dear Ms. Raitt,

On behalf of our Client, 2-4 Medford Street, LLC, Allen & Major Associates (A&M) is pleased to provide this letter in support of the Special Permit application for the Mixed-Use Redevelopment project at 455-457 Massachusetts Ave. This letter will summarize the changes to the stormwater management system which are proposed as part of the redevelopment efforts.

Existing Conditions

The site is located on the corner of Medford Street and Massachusetts Avenue. There is an existing curb cut to the parcel located off Park Terrace to the rear of the parcel. The existing lot is entirely impervious with exiting building and pavement. Elevations onsite range from elevation 38 along Mass Ave to elevation 36 at the rear along Park Terrace. The majority of the stormwater on-site flows via sheet flow off-site to Park Terrace. A review of the NRCS soil report for Middlesex County indicates that the soil onsite is considered Merrimac-Urban Land which has a Hydrologic Soil Group rating of an "A". A copy of the Existing Watershed Plan is included herewith.

Proposed Conditions

The project, proposes to demolish a portion of the existing structure and construct and addition in a similar location. The project proposes to maintain existing retail, restaurant and service uses on the ground floor, and construct new apartments on the second floor. There are 16 parking stalls proposed on the first level. The stormwater management system will be greatly improved with the installation of pervious paver systems and underground infiltration system. These systems will receive clean roof runoff for stormwater recharge. These systems will greatly reduce the quantity of stormwater runoff from the parcel. The proposed work will also result in approximately 1,008 square feet of impervious material being replaced with landscaped areas.

Runoff flows were estimated for both pre and post development conditions using HydroCAD 10.00 software, at a specific "Study Point" (SP-1). Study Point 1 is the flows that will flow via sheet flow onto Park Terrace. The table below shows that the project causes a reduction in the peak rate of runoff and volume of stormwater leaving the site at the Study Point. Copies of the HydroCAD worksheets and Watershed Plans are included herewith.

STUDY POINT #1 (flow to municipal system)				
	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	
Existing Flow (CFS)	1.41	2.16	3.93	
Proposed Flow (CFS)	0.08	0.13	0.50	
Decrease (CFS)	1.33	2.03	3.43	
Existing Volume (CF)	4,728	7,356	13,644	
Proposed Volume (CF)	235	400	975	
Decrease (CF)	4,493	6,956	12,669	

The surface water drainage requirements of the Town of Arlington Zoning Bylaw Environmental Design Review Standards have been reviewed and met with the proposed design. The proposed project will introduce stormwater infiltration systems and landscaped areas to the site to reduce the impervious area. The Town of Arlington, Article 15 Stormwater Mitigation, shall not apply as the proposed development will introduce a reduction in impervious area. However, with the proposed infiltration systems the project will reduce the runoff rates for all design storms, and comply with this bylaw.

Summary

As shown in the table above, the proposed development will have a positive impact on the stormwater management system by reducing the rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the site.

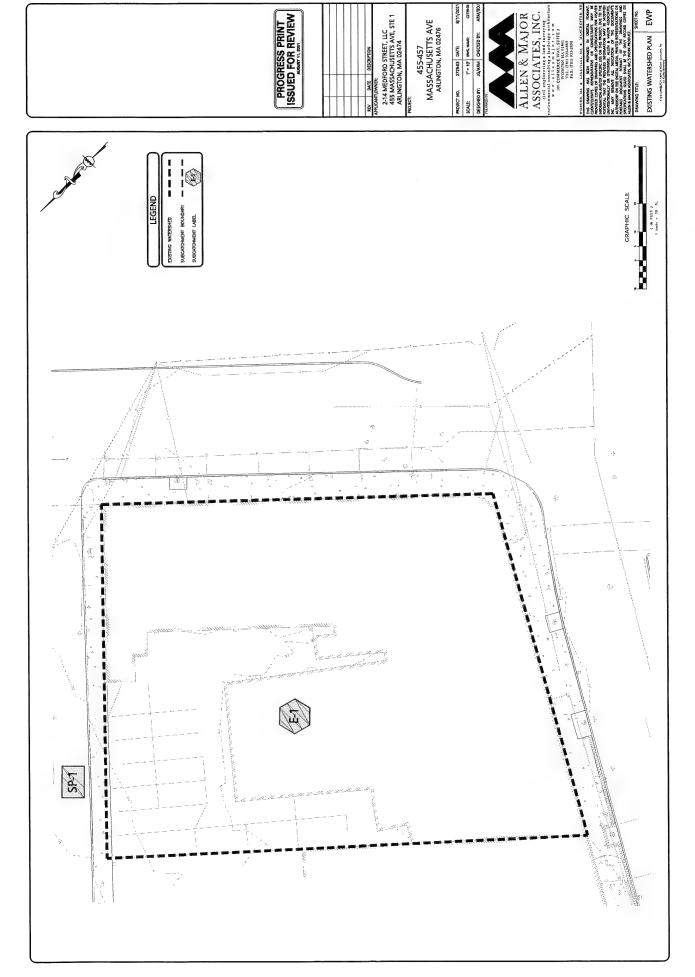
Very truly yours,

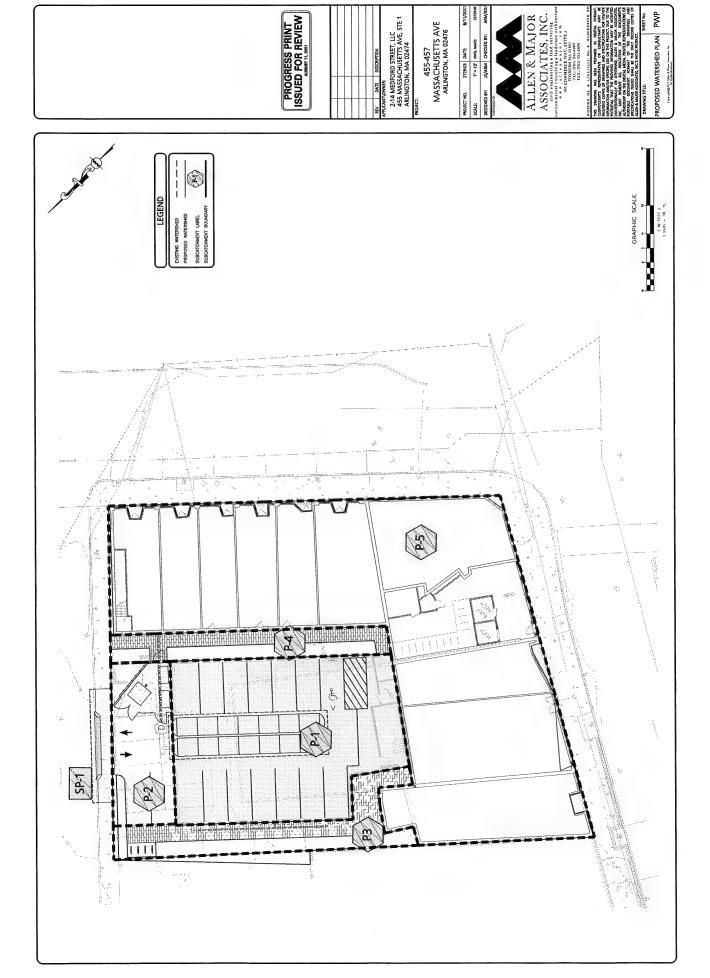
ALLEN & MAJOR ASSOCIATES, INC.

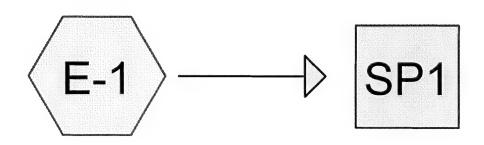
Aaron Mackey, PE Project Engineer

Attachments:

- 1. Existing Watershed Plan
- 2. Proposed Watershed Plan
- 3. Pre development HydroCAD Calculations
- 4. Post development HydroCAD Calculations
- 5. Extreme Precipitation Tables
- 6. NRCS Soil Report







Subcat E-1

Study Point 1









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description				
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)				
18,929	98	Paved parking, HSG A (E-1)				
18,929	98	TOTAL AREA				

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
18,929	HSG A	E-1
0	HSG B	
0	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
18,929		TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A (sq-ft)	HSG-B (sq-ft)	HSG-C (sq-ft)	HSG-D (sq-ft)	Other (sq-ft)	Total (sq-ft)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
18,929	0	0	0	0	18,929	Paved parking	E-1
18,929	0	0	0	0	18,929	TOTAL AREA	

2729-03_Existing-ConditionsPrepared by Allen & Major Associates Inc.

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23" Printed 8/11/2021

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1: Subcat E-1

Runoff Area=18,929 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.00" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.41 cfs 4,728 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Inflow=1.41 cfs 4,728 cf Outflow=1.41 cfs 4,728 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 4,728 cf Average Runoff Depth = 3.00" 0.00% Pervious = 0 sf 100.00% Impervious = 18,929 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Subcat E-1

1.41 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= Runoff

4,728 cf, Depth= 3.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description					
	18,929	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A				
	18,929		100.00% In	npervious A	rea			
T (mi	c Length	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5	.0				Direct Entry	Assumed		

Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

18,929 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.00" for 2-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 1.41 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.41 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 4,728 cf

4,728 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 8/11/2021

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1: Subcat E-1

Runoff Area=18,929 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.66" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.16 cfs 7,356 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Inflow=2.16 cfs 7,356 cf Outflow=2.16 cfs 7,356 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 7,356 cf Average Runoff Depth = 4.66" 0.00% Pervious = 0 sf 100.00% Impervious = 18,929 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Subcat E-1

Runoff

2.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

7,356 cf, Depth= 4.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description								
	18,929	98	Paved park	ved parking, HSG A							
	18,929		100.00% In	npervious A	rea					,	
To (min)		Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description						
5.0					Direct Entry,	Assumed					

Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Inflow Area =

18,929 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.66" for 10-Year event

Inflow

7,356 cf

Outflow

2.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 2.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

7,356 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Prepared by Allen & Major Associates Inc. HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 02881 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89" Printed 8/11/2021

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1: Subcat E-1

Runoff Area=18,929 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.65" Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.93 cfs 13,644 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Inflow=3.93 cfs 13,644 cf Outflow=3.93 cfs 13,644 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 13,644 cf Average Runoff Depth = 8.65" 0.00% Pervious = 0 sf 100.00% Impervious = 18,929 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Subcat E-1

Runoff 3.93 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 13,644 cf, Depth= 8.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description								
	18,929	98	Paved park	ed parking, HSG A							
	18,929 100.00% Impervious Area										
٦	Γc Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(mi	n) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)							
5	.0				Direct Entry, Assumed						

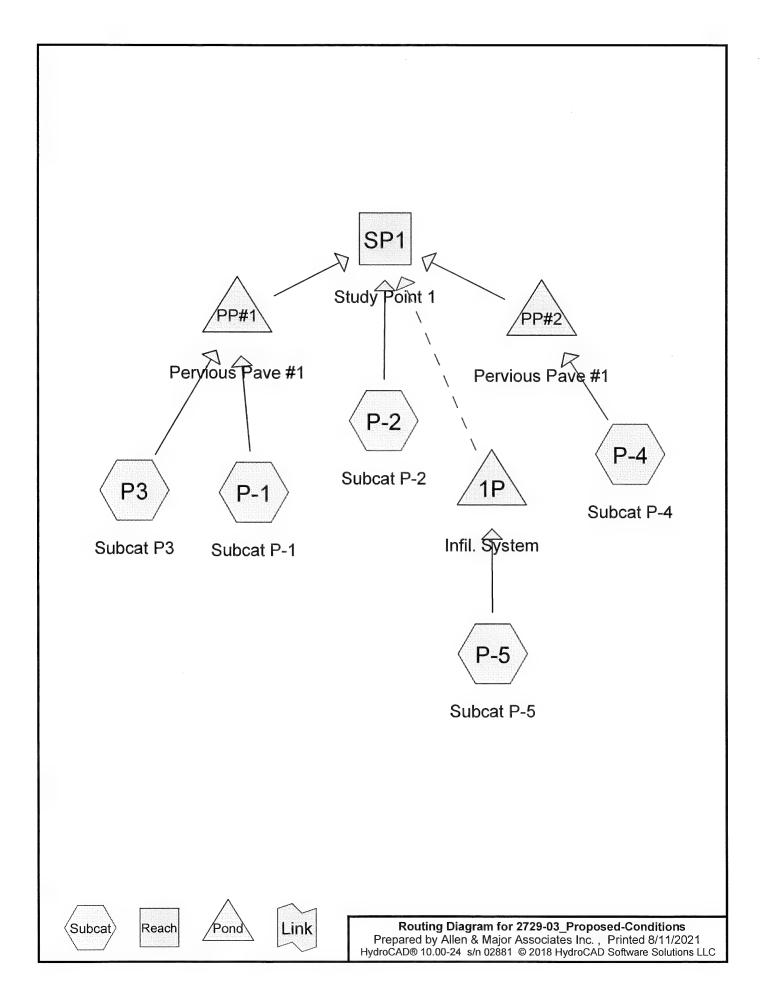
Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

18,929 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.65" for 100-Year event Inflow Area =

13,644 cf Inflow =

3.93 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 3.93 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= Outflow 13,644 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3



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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
1,082	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (P-1, P-2, P-4, P3)
2,803	98	Paved parking, HSG A (P-1, P-2, P-4, P-5, P3)
15,043	98	Roofs, HSG A (P-1, P-5)
18,929	95	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(sq-ft)	Group	Numbers
18,929	HSG A	P-1, P-2, P-4, P-5, P3
0	HSG B	
0	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
18,929		TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A (sq-ft)	HSG-B (sq-ft)	HSG-C (sq-ft)	HSG-D (sq-ft)	Other (sq-ft)	Total (sq-ft)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
1,082	0	0	0	0	1,082	>75% Grass cover, Good	P-1, P-2, P-4, P3
2,803	0	0	0	0	2,803	Paved parking	P-1, P-2, P-4, P-5, P3
15,043	0	0	0	0	15,043	Roofs	P-1, P-5
18,929	0	0	0	0	18,929	TOTAL AREA	

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Notes Listing (all nodes)

Line#	Node	Notes
	Number	
1	1P	Exfiltration Rate = 7.0 in./hr. (Merrimac-Urban Land = 100 micrometer per second = 14.17 in./hr. / 2 = 7.0 in/hr
2	PP#1	Exfiltration Rate = 7.0 in./hr. (Merrimac-Urban Land = 100 micrometer per second = 14.17 in./hr. / 2 = 7.0 in/hr
3	PP#2	Exfiltration Rate = 7.0 in./hr. (Merrimac-Urban Land = 100 micrometer per second = 14.17 in./hr. / 2 = 7.0 in/hr

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN

Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1: Subcat P-1 Runoff Area=4,358 sf 99.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.00"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.33 cfs 1,089 cf

SubcatchmentP-2: Subcat P-2 Runoff Area=1,234 sf 87.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.29"

Tc=5.0 min CN=91 Runoff=0.08 cfs 235 cf

SubcatchmentP-4: Subcat P-4 Runoff Area=972 sf 55.84% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.95"

Tc=0.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.03 cfs 77 cf

SubcatchmentP-5: Subcat P-5 Runoff Area=11,040 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.00"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.82 cfs 2,758 cf

SubcatchmentP3: Subcat P3 Runoff Area=1,324 sf 62.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.17"

Tc=5.0 min CN=76 Runoff=0.04 cfs 129 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Outflow=0.08 cfs 235 cf

Pond 1P: Infil. System Peak Elev=30.70' Storage=674 cf Inflow=0.82 cfs 2,758 cf

Discarded=0.14 cfs 2,759 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.14 cfs 2,759 cf

Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1 Peak Elev=34.30' Storage=149 cf Inflow=0.37 cfs 1,218 cf

Discarded=0.13 cfs 1,219 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.13 cfs 1,219 cf

Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Peak Elev=35.30' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.03 cfs 77 cf

Discarded=0.03 cfs 77 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.03 cfs 77 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 4,288 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.72" 5.72% Pervious = 1,082 sf 94.28% Impervious = 17,846 sf

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2729-03 Proposed-Conditions

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Subcat P-1

Runoff

0.33 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

1,089 cf, Depth= 3.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	escription								
	0	98	Paved park	eved parking, HSG A								
	0	39	>75% Gras	5% Grass cover, Good, HSG A								
	4,358	98	Roofs, HSC	fs, HSG A								
	4,358	98	Weighted A	eighted Average								
	0		0.01% Pen	.01% Pervious Area								
	4,358		99.99% Imp	pervious Ar	ea							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/fi	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description							

Direct Entry, Assumed

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Subcat P-2

Runoff =

5.0

0.08 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

235 cf, Depth= 2.29"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description										
	1,081	98	Paved park	ved parking, HSG A									
	<u> 15</u> 3	39	>75% Gras	5% Grass cover, Good, HSG A									
	1,234 153 1,081	91	Weighted A 12.43% Pe 87.57% Im	rvious Area									
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/f		Capacity (cfs)	Description								
5.0					Direct Entry	, Min tc							

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Subcat P-4

Runoff

0.03 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=

77 cf, Depth= 0.95"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description								
	543	98	Paved parking, HSG A								
	429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A						
-	972	72	Weighted Average								
	429		44.16% Pervious Area								
	543		55.84% im _l	pervious Are	ea						
Tc L (min)	ength	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
0.0					Direct Entry, min tc						

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Subcat P-5

Runoff = 0.82 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

2,758 cf, Depth= 3.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

2729-03 Proposed-Conditions

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Area (sf)	CN	Description		
10,685	98	Roofs, HSC	3 A	
355	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
11,040	98	Weighted A		
11,040		100.00% In	npervious A	rea
T- 1	01		0	Description
Tc Length	Slop	,	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.0				Direct Entry, min tc

Summary for Subcatchment P3: Subcat P3

Runoff = 0.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=

129 cf, Depth= 1.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

Area (sf) CN	Description	Description							
500	39	>75% Gras	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
825	5 98	Paved park	ing, HSG A							
1,324	4 76	Weighted Average								
500	-	37.74% Pe	rvious Area							
825	5	62.26% lm _l	pervious Ar	ea						
Tc Leng (min) (fee	,	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
5.0				Direct Entry, min to						

Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Summary for Pond 1P: Infil. System

Inflow Area =	11,040 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.00" for 2-Year event
inflow =	0.82 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	2,758 cf
Outflow =	0.14 cfs @ 11.80 hrs, Volume=	2,759 cf, Atten= 83%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.14 cfs @ 11.80 hrs, Volume=	2,759 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 30.70' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 674 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 3,172 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 24.0 min (779.3 - 755.3)

Volume	Invert_	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	29.00'	1,573 cf	15.83'W x 55.89'L x 6.25'H Field A
			5,531 cf Overall - 1,599 cf Embedded = 3,932 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	30.50'	1,599 cf	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Capx 14 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf
			Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap
			14 Chambers in 2 Rows
			Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 2 rows = 59.6 cf

3,172 cf Total Available Storage

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	29.00'	7.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	
#2	Secondary	36.00'	5.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir	
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00	
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.14 cfs @ 11.80 hrs HW=29.09' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.14 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=29.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1

Inflow Area = 5,683 sf, 91.20% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.57" for 2-Year event 1,218 cf Inflow 0.37 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.13 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.13 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 1,219 cf. Atten= 65%, Lag= 14.9 min Outflow Discarded = 1,219 cf 0.00 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 34.30' @ 12.32 hrs Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 149 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 904 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated; outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 4.6 min (770.4 - 765.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storage D	Description				
#1	33.80'	90		(Conic) Listed be Overall x 40.0% V	, ,			
Elevatio		f.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)			
33.8	30	753	0	0	753			
36.8	30	753	2,259	2,259	1,045			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices					
#1	Discarded	33.80'	7.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area					
#2	Primary	36.80'	Head (feet) 0.2		0 1.00 1.20 1	Ingular Weir .40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 4 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.13 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=34.30' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.13 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=33.80' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Inflow Area = 972 sf, 55.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.95" for 2-Year event 77 cf 0.03 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= Inflow Outflow 0.03 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 77 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Discarded = 0.03 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 77 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 35.30' @ 0.00 hrs Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 0 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 328 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.0 min (862.6 - 862.6)

Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.23"

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	35.30'	32		e (Conic)Listed be everall x 40.0% Vo		
Elevation (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
35.3 36.8		546 546	0 819	0 819	546 670	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device		44	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	35.30' 36.80'	4.5' long x 3 Head (feet) 0		-Crested Recta 0 1.00 1.20 1	angular Weir .40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 4 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=35.30¹ (Free Discharge) ←1=Exfiltration (Passes 0.00 cfs of 0.09 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=35.30' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Prepared by Allen & Major Associates Inc. HydroCAD® 10.00-24 s/n 02881 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 8/11/2021 Page 11

Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1: Subcat P-1 Runoff Area=4,358 sf 99.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.66"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.50 cfs 1,694 cf

SubcatchmentP-2: Subcat P-2 Runoff Area=1,234 sf 87.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.89"

Tc=5.0 min CN=91 Runoff=0.13 cfs 400 cf

SubcatchmentP-4: Subcat P-4 Runoff Area=972 sf 55.84% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.12"

Tc=0.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.07 cfs 172 cf

SubcatchmentP-5: SubcatP-5 Runoff Area=11,040 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.66"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.26 cfs 4,290 cf

SubcatchmentP3: Subcat P3 Runoff Area=1,324 sf 62.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.45"

Tc=5.0 min CN=76 Runoff=0.09 cfs 271 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Outflow=0.13 cfs 400 cf

Pond 1P: Infil. System Peak Elev=31.58' Storage=1,292 cf Inflow=1.26 cfs 4,290 cf

Discarded=0.14 cfs 4,291 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.14 cfs 4,291 cf

Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1 Peak Elev=35.10' Storage=391 cf Inflow=0.59 cfs 1,964 cf

Discarded=0.14 cfs 1,966 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.14 cfs 1,966 cf

Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Peak Elev=35.30' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.07 cfs 172 cf

Discarded=0.07 cfs 172 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.07 cfs 172 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 6,826 cf Average Runoff Depth = 4.33" 5.72% Pervious = 1,082 sf 94.28% Impervious = 17,846 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Subcat P-1

1,694 cf, Depth= 4.66" Runoff 0.50 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Are	ea (sf)	CN	Description	escription							
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A							
	0	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A						
	4,358	98	Roofs, HSC	A A							
·	4,358	98	Weighted A	verage							
	0		0.01% Perv	ious Area							
	4,358		99.99% lm	pervious Are	ea						
_											
	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description						
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)							
5.0					Direct Entry, Assumed						

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Subcat P-2

0.13 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 400 cf, Depth= 3.89" Runoff

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	escription							
1,081	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG A							
153	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A						
1,234	91	Weighted A	Average							
153		12.43% Pervious Area								
1,081		87.57% lm	pervious Ar	a						
	0.1		0 "	B						
Tc Length	Slop		Capacity	Description						
(min) (feet)	(ft/1	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)							
5.0				Direct Entry, Min to						

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Subcat P-4

Runoff 0.07 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 172 cf, Depth= 2.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description								
	543	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG A							
	429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A						
	972	72 Weighted Average									
	429		44.16% Pervious Area								
	543		55.84% lmp	pervious Are	a						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
0.0					Direct Entry, min tc						

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Subcat P-5

4,290 cf, Depth= 4.66" 1.26 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= Runoff

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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	Area (sf)	CN	Description				
	10,685	98	Roofs, HSC	A 6			
	355	98 Paved parking, HSG A					
	11,040	98 Weighted Average					
	11,040		100.00% In	npervious A	rea		
	Tc Length	Slop			Description		
(min) (feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	5.0				Direct Entry, min tc		

Summary for Subcatchment P3: Subcat P3

Runoff 0.09 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 271 cf, Depth= 2.45"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (s	f) CN	Description	Description							
50	0 39	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
82	5 98	Paved park	ing, HSG A							
1,32	4 76	Weighted A	verage							
50	0	37.74% Pe	rvious Area							
82	5	62.26% lm	pervious Ar	ea						
Tc Leng (min) (fee	·	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
5.0				Direct Entry, min to	,					

Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

7,889 sf, 86.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.61" for 10-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 0.13 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

400 cf 0.13 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 400 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Summary for Pond 1P: Infil. System

Inflow Area =	11,040 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4.66" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	1.26 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	4,290 cf
Outflow =	0.14 cfs @ 11.69 hrs, Volume=	4,291 cf, Atten= 89%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.14 cfs @ 11.69 hrs, Volume=	4,291 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3Peak Elev= 31.58' @ 12.64 hrs Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 1,292 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 3,172 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 54.6 min (802.0 - 747.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	29.00'	1,573 cf	15.83'W x 55.89'L x 6.25'H Field A
			5,531 cf Overall - 1,599 cf Embedded = 3,932 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	30.50'	1,599 cf	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Capx 14 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf
			Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap
			14 Chambers in 2 Rows
			Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 2 rows = 59.6 cf

3,172 cf Total Available Storage

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	29.00'	7.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Secondary	36.00'	5.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.14 cfs @ 11.69 hrs HW=29.08' (Free Discharge) 1-Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.14 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=29.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1

5,683 sf, 91.20% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.15" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = 0.59 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.14 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= Inflow 1.964 cf Outflow 1,966 cf, Atten= 76%, Lag= 22.3 min 0.14 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 1,966 cf Discarded = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= Primary 0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 35.10' @ 12.44 hrs Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 391 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 904 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 13.3 min (772.4 - 759.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	33.80'	90		e (Conic)Listed be Overall x 40.0% V	,	
Elevatio		f.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
33.8	30	753	0	0	753	
36.8	30	753	2,259	2,259	1,045	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3		
#1	Discarded	33.80'	7.000 in/hr Ex	filtration over We	etted area	
#2	Primary	36.80'	4.5' long x 3.	0' breadth Broad-	Crested Rectai	ngular Weir
						40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 4 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=33.80' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Inflow Area =	972 sf, 55.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.12" for 10-Year event
Inflow =	0.07 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	172 cf
Outflow =	0.07 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	172 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.07 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	172 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 35.30' @ 12.00 hrs Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 0 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 328 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.0 min (838.0 - 838.0)

Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 8/11/2021

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	35.30'	32		e (Conic)Listed be verall x 40.0% Vo		
Elevation (fee		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
35.3 36.8		546 546	0 819	0 819	546 670	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S		
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	35.30' 36.80'	4.5' long x 3. Head (feet) 0		-Crested Recta 30 1.00 1.20 1	angular Weir .40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 4 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=35.30' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.00 cfs)

Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"
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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1; Subcat P-1 Runoff Area=4,358 sf 99.99% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.65"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.91 cfs 3,142 cf

SubcatchmentP-2: Subcat P-2 Runoff Area=1,234 sf 87.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.80"

Tc=5.0 min CN=91 Runoff=0.25 cfs 803 cf

SubcatchmentP-4: Subcat P-4 Runoff Area=972 sf 55.84% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.48"

Tc=0.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.18 cfs 444 cf

SubcatchmentP-5: Subcat P-5 Runoff Area=11,040 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.65"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.29 cfs 7,958 cf

SubcatchmentP3: Subcat P3 Runoff Area=1,324 sf 62.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.97"

Tc=5.0 min CN=76 Runoff=0.22 cfs 659 cf

Reach SP1: Study Point 1 Inflow=0.50 cfs 975 cf

Outflow=0.50 cfs 975 cf

Pond 1P: Infil. System Peak Elev=34.98' Storage=3,078 cf inflow=2.29 cfs 7,958 cf

Discarded=0.14 cfs 7,958 cf Secondary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.14 cfs 7,958 cf

Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1 Peak Elev=36.91' Storage=904 cf Inflow=1.12 cfs 3,801 cf

Discarded=0.17 cfs 3,629 cf Primary=0.40 cfs 172 cf Outflow=0.57 cfs 3,801 cf

Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Peak Elev=35.42' Storage=26 cf Inflow=0.18 cfs 444 cf

Discarded=0.09 cfs 444 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.09 cfs 444 cf

Total Runoff Area = 18,929 sf Runoff Volume = 13,005 cf Average Runoff Depth = 8.24" 5.72% Pervious = 1,082 sf 94.28% Impervious = 17,846 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1: Subcat P-1

Runoff

0.91 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

3,142 cf, Depth= 8.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

0	Area (sf)	CN	Description	escription									
	0	98	Paved park	aved parking, HSG A									
	0	39	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A									
	4,358	98	Roofs, HSC	3 A									
	4,358	98	Weighted A	/eighted Average									
	0		0.01% Pen	/ious Ārea									
	4,358		99.99% Im	9.99% Impervious Area									
٦ mi)	c Length	Slop (ft/f	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description								
5	.0				Direct Entry,	Assumed							

Direct Entry, Assumed

Summary for Subcatchment P-2: Subcat P-2

Runoff

0.25 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

803 cf. Depth= 7.80"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

Area (sf)	CN	Description							
1,081	98	Paved parking, HSG A							
153	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
1,234	91	eighted Average							
153		12.43% Pervious Area							
1,081		87.57% Impervious Area							
Tc Length									
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)							

5.0

Direct Entry, Min to

Summary for Subcatchment P-4: Subcat P-4

Runoff

0.18 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=

444 cf, Depth= 5.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description	Description								
	543	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG A								
	429	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A							
	972	72	Weighted A	verage								
	429		44.16% Pe	rvious Area								
	543		55.84% lm	pervious Ar	ea							
Тс	Length	Slop	,	Capacity	Description							
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/f) (ft/sec)	(cfs)								
0.0					Direct Entry, min tc							

Summary for Subcatchment P-5: Subcat P-5

2.29 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= Runoff

7,958 cf, Depth= 8.65"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

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	Area (sf)	CN	Description						
	10,685	98	Roofs, HSC	coofs, HSG A					
	355	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	4				
	11,040	98	Weighted A	eighted Average					
	11,040		100.00% In	npervious A	Area				
_									
Tc		Slop	,		Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)					
5.0					Direct Entry, min tc				

Summary for Subcatchment P3: Subcat P3

Runoff = 0.22 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=

659 cf, Depth= 5.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

Are	a (sf)	CN	Description									
	500	39	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A								
	825	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A								
	1,324	76	Weighted A	verage								
	500		37.74% Per	rvious Area								
	825		62.26% Imp	pervious Are	ea							
Tc l (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description							
5.0					Direct Entry, min to							

Summary for Reach SP1: Study Point 1

Inflow Area = 7,889 sf, 86.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.48" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.50 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 975 cf

Outflow = 0.50 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 975 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3

Summary for Pond 1P: Infil. System

Inflow Area =	11,040 sf,100.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 8.65" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	2.29 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume=	7,958 cf
Outflow =	0.14 cfs @ 11.19 hrs, Volume=	7,958 cf, Atten= 94%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.14 cfs @ 11.19 hrs, Volume=	7,958 cf
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 34.98' @ 13.49 hrs Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 3,078 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 885 sf Storage= 3,172 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 159.1 min (898.1 - 739.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	29.00'	1,573 cf	15.83'W x 55.89'L x 6.25'H Field A
			5,531 cf Overall - 1,599 cf Embedded = 3,932 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	30.50'	1,599 cf	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Capx 14 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf
			Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap
			14 Chambers in 2 Rows
			Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 2 rows = 59.6 cf

3,172 cf Total Available Storage

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2729-03 Proposed-Conditions

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	29.00'	7.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Secondary	36.00'	5.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	_		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.14 cfs @ 11.19 hrs HW=29.08' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.14 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=29.00' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PP#1: Pervious Pave #1

Inflow Area = 5,683 sf, 91.20% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.03" for 100-Year event 1.12 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.57 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 0.17 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= Inflow 3,801 cf Outflow 3,801 cf, Atten= 50%, Lag= 10.3 min Discarded = 3,629 cf 0.40 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= Primary 172 cf

Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 36.91' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 904 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 904 cf

Augil Ctoress Ctoress Description

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Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 30.9 min (781.7 - 750.8)

volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	33.80'	90		e (Conic)Listed be Overall x 40.0% V	,	
Elevatio (fee		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
33.8 36.8	-	753 753	0 2,259	0 2,259	753 1,045	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3		
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	33.80' 36.80'	4.5' long x 3. Head (feet) 0.		Crested Rectar 0 1.00 1.20 1.4	ngular Weir 40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.17 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=36.91' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.17 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.35 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=36.90' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.35 cfs @ 0.77 fps)

Summary for Pond PP#2: Pervious Pave #1

Inflow Area =	972 sf, 55.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.48" for 100-Year event
Inflow =	0.18 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	444 cf
Outflow =	0.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	444 cf, Atten= 49%, Lag= 5.1 min
Discarded =	0.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	444 cf
Primary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 35.42' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 26 cf Flood Elev= 37.00' Surf.Area= 546 sf Storage= 328 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.9 min (811.4 - 810.6)

2729-03_Proposed-Conditions

Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.89"

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Avail.Storage Storage Description Volume Invert 328 cf Subbase (Conic)Listed below (Recalc) #1 35.30' 819 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids Elevation Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store Wet.Area (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) (sq-ft) (feet) (sq-ft) 35.30 546 546 0 0 36.80 546 819 819 670 Device Routing **Outlet Devices** Invert #1 Discarded 35.30 7.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area #2 Primary 4.5' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 36.80' Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.64 2.68 2.68 2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.09 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=35.42' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.09 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=35.30' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	Massachusetts
Location	
Longitude	71.142 degrees West
Latitude	42.405 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Fri, 28 Aug 2020 14:10:00 -0400

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min		10min 15min 30min 60min	30min	60min	120min		1hr 2hr 3hr	2hr	3hr (5hr 1	6hr 12hr 24hr	24hr	48hr		1day	1day 2day 4day 7day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.28	0.43	0.53	0.70	0.87	1.10	1yr	0.75	1.04	1.04 1.28 1.63 2.09	63		2.69	2.94	1yr	2.38	2.83	3.29	3.98	4.65	1yr
2yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.88	1.11	1.40	2yr	0.96 1.28 1.62 2.04 2.57	1.28	1.62 2	04	2.57	3.23	3.59	2yr	2.86	3.45	3.95	4.70	5:35	2yr
5yr	0.42	9.0	0.81	1.09	1.39	1.77	5yr	1.20	1.61	2.06 2	. 09"	3.26	1.20 1.61 2.06 2.60 3.26 4.09 4.56		5yr	3.62	4.38	5.00	5.97	69:9	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.74	0.93	1.27	1.65	2.12	10yr	1.42 1.91 2.47 3.12 3.92	1.91	2.47 3	3.12	************************	4.90	5.47	10yr	4.33	5.26	5.99	7.15	7.92	10yr
ŗ	25yr 0.56	68:0	1.13	1.56	2.06	2.67	25yr	1.78 2.40 3.13 3.96 4.98	2.40	3.13 3	7 96'	4.98	6.20 6.96	96.9	25yr 5.49	5.49	01.6 65.7 69.9	7.59	9.10	9.91	25yr
50yr	0.63	1.01	1.30	1.82	2.45	3.21	50yr 2.12 2.86 3.77 4.78	2.12	. 86	3.77 4	.78	5.98	7.43	8.36	50yr	6.57	8.03	80.6	10.92	11.75	50yr
yr	00yr 0.73	1.18	1.52	2.14	2.92	3.84	100yr 2.52 3.40 4.52 5.73	2.52	3.40	4.52 5	.73	7.17	7.17 8.89 10.04	10.04	100yr 7.87 9.65 10.88 13.10 13.94	7.87	9.65	10.88	13.10	13.94	100yr
yr	200yr 0.83	1.36	1.76	2.52	3.47	4.60	200yr 2.99 4.05 5.43 6.89 8.61 10.65 12.07 200yr 9.43 11.60 13.03 15.73	2.99	1.05	5.43 6	868.9	8.61	10.65	12.07	200yr	9.43	11.60	13.03	15.73	16.54	200yr
yr	500yr 1.01	1.65	2.16	3.13	4.37	5.83	500yr	3.77	5.11	8 06.5	3.77 1	0.97	13.54	15.40	500yr	11.98	14.81	16.55	20.05	500yr 3.77 5.11 6.90 8.77 10.97 13.54 15.40 500yr 11.98 14.81 16.55 20.05 20.75 500yr	500yr
												-		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	CONTROL OF THE PERSON NAMED IN					***************************************	

Lower Confidence Limits

	Smin	T)III)	L5min	30min	5min 10min 15min 30min 60min 120mi	120min			2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	1hr 2hr 3hr 6hr 12hr 24hr 48hr		Iday	2day	Iday 2day 4day 7day 10day	7day	10day	
ŢŲ.	0.25	0.38	1yr 0.25 0.38 0.46 0.62 0.76	0.62		0.85	Lyr	99.0	0.83	1.15	1.44	1.78	2.44	2.50	lyr	2.16	2.41	0.66 0.83 1.15 1.44 1.78 2.44 2.50 1yr 2.16 2.41 2.93 3.53 4.05	3.53	4.05	lyr.
2yr	0.33	2yr 0.33 0.51	0.63	0.85	1.05	1.26	2yr	0.91	1.23	1.45	1.91	2.48	3.13	0.91 1.23 1.45 1.91 2.48 3.13 3.47	2yr	2.77	3.33	2yr 2.77 3.33 3.82 4.53 5.18	4.53	5.18	2yr
Syr	0.39	Syr 0.39 0.60 0.75		1.02	1.30	1.51	Syr	1.12	1.47	1.73	2.24	2.89	3.77	1.12 1.47 1.73 2.24 2.89 3.77 4.18 5yr	5yr	3.34	4.02	3.34 4.02 4.59 5.47 6.17	5.47	6.17	Syr
10yr.	10yr 0.44 0.67	19.0	0.83	1.16	1.16 1.50	1.73	10yr	1.29	1.69	1.95	2.53	3.24	4.35	4.83	10yr	3.85	4.65	10yr 1.29 1.69 1.95 2.53 3.24 4.35 4.83 10yr 3.85 4.65 5.27 6.29 7.01	6.29		10yr

him			30min	60min	Smin 30min 20min 5	***************************************	7	2hr	(*)	6hr	1hr 2hr 3hr 6hr 12hr 24hr 48hr	24hr	48hr		ldav	2day	4G2V	7day	1day 2day 4day 7day 10day	
															2	ò	2	,	2	
£.	25yr 0.50 0.77	0.95	1.36	0.95 1.36 1.79	2.05	25yr	1.54	2.00	2.31	2.96	3.78	5.23	5.82	25yr	4.63	5.60	6.31	7.52	25yr 1.54 2.00 2.31 2.96 3.78 5.23 5.82 25yr 4.63 5.60 6.31 7.52 8.29 25yr	25yr
×-:	50yr 0.56 0.85	1.06	1.52	2.05	2.35	50yr	1.77	2.30	2.61	3.34	4.24	5.99	6.70	50yr 1.77 2.30 2.61 3.34 4.24 5.99 6.70 50yr 5.30 6.44 7.22 8.60 9.39	5.30	6.44	7.22	8.60	9.39	50yr
	100yr 0.63 0.95	1.18	1.71	2.35	2.68	100yr 2.03 2.62 2.96 3.62 4.77 6.89 7.70 100yr 6.10 7.41 8.27 9.79 10.65 100yr	2.03	2.62	2.96	3.62	4.77	68.9	7.70	100yr	6.10	7.41	8.27	9.79	10.65	100yr
	90	1.06 1.34 1.94		2.71	3.06	200yr 2.34 2.99 3.36 4.05 5.37 7.91 8.86 200yr 7.00 8.52 9.46 11.12 12.03 200yr	2.34	2.99	3.36	4.05	5.37	7.91	98.8	200yr	7.00	8.52	9.46	11.12	12.03	200yr
	23	1.58	500yr 0.82 1.23 1.58 2.29	3.26	3.65	500yr 2.81 3.57 3.97 4.70 6.29 9.50 10.64 500yr 8.41 10.23 11.30 13.12 14.12 500yr	2.81	3.57	3.97	4.70	6.29	9.50	10.64	500yr	8.41	10.23	11.30	13.12	14.12	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	Lyr	2yr	Syr	10yr	25yr	50yr	100yr	200yr	500yr
10day	5.03	5.55	7.21	8.83	11.56	14.18	17.43	21.46	28.29
7day	4.29	4.89	6.48	8.04	10.74	13.40	16.75	20.95	28.20
4day	3.51	4.11	5.43	6.01 6.72	8.92	11.04	13.68	16.97	22.57
1day 2day 4day 7day	3.05	3.59	4.81	6.01	8.09	8.04 10.14 11.04 13.40	12.71	15.96	21.58
1day	2.53	2.97	3.93	4.88	6.48	8.04	86.6	12.41	16.56
	lyr	2yr	Syr	10yr	25yr	50yr	11.28 13.22 100yr 9.98 12.71 13.68 16.75	200yr 4.27 5.34 6.49 7.78 8.96 14.02 16.60 200yr 12.41 15.96 16.97 20.95 21.46	500yr 5.72 7.04 8.66 10.14 11.41 18.71 22.44 500yr 16.56 21.58 22.57 28.20 28.29
48hr	3.17	3.74	5.00	6.25	8.42	5.05 6.22 9.08 10.54 50yr	13.22	16.60	22.44
24hr	2.86	3.35	4.44	4.07 5.51 6.25	7.32	80.6	11.28	14.02	18.71
12hr	2.25	2.68	3.39	4.07	5.17	6.22	7.47	96.8	11.41
6hr	1.77	2.08	2.66	10yr 1.63 2.15 2.55 3.22	4.16	5.05	6.37	7.78	10.14
1hr 2hr 3hr	1.11 1.32	1.57	1.75 2.05	2.55	25yr 2.19 2.83 3.39	50yr 2.73 3.51 4.21	5.22	6.49	99.8
2hr	1.11	1.33	1.75	2.15	2.83	3.51	4.32	5.34	7.04
1hr	0.83	1.00	1.30	1.63	2.19	2.73	3.42	4.27	5.72
	lyr	2yr	5yr	10yr	25yr	50yr	100yr 3.42 4.32 5.22	200yr	500yr
5min 10min 15min 30min 60min 120min	1.13	1.36	1.79	2.20	2.90	3.59	4.42	5.46	7.20
60min	0.97	1.15	1.51	1.89	2.53	3.17	3.96	4.95	6.63
30min	0.79	0.94	1.19	1.46	1.92	2.35	2.89	3.55	4.67
15min	0.58	69'0	98.0	1.05	1.35	1.64	2.00	2,45	3.21
10min	0.48	0.56	0.70	0.84	1.08	1.31	1.60	1.94	500yr 1.68 2.50
5min	0.31	0.36	0.45	0.55	0.71	98.0	100yr 1.06		1.68
	lyr	2yr	5yr	10yr	25yr	50yr	100yr	200yr 1.29	500yr



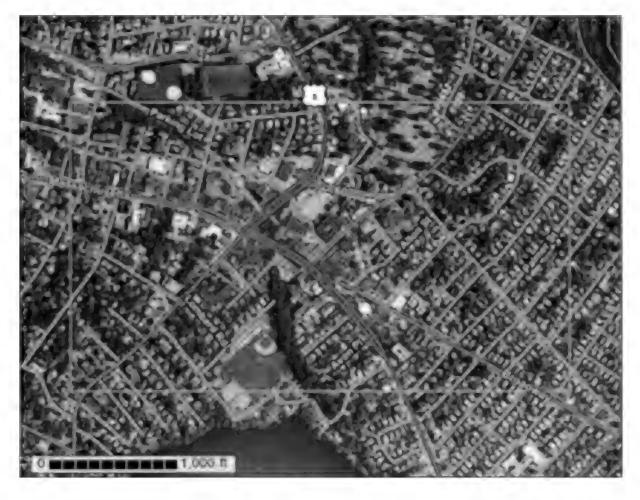


United States Department of Agriculture

NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Middlesex County, Massachusetts



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

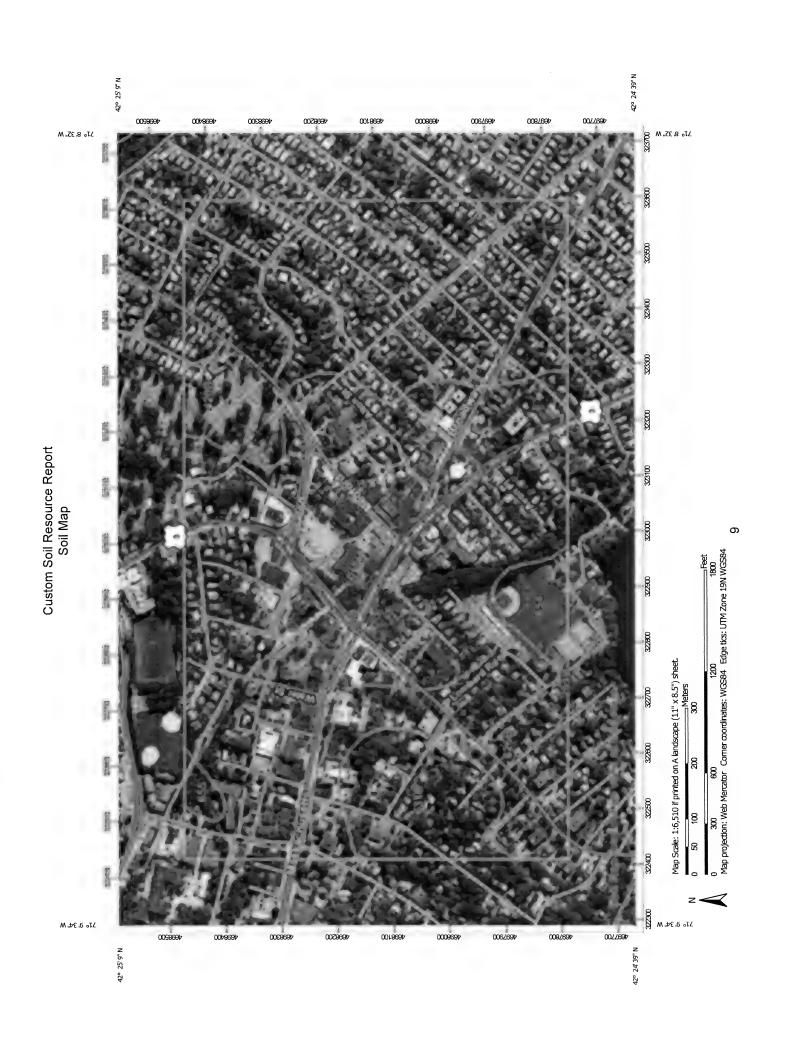
Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 13, 2020—Sep Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soil Survey Area: Middlesex County, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 20, Jun 9, 2020 accurate calculations of distance or area are required. Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) MAP INFORMATION Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. of the version date(s) listed below. Web Soil Survey URL: 1:50,000 or larger. measurements. 1:25,000. scale. Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads Stony Spot US Routes Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails **Nater Features Fransportation** Background MAP LEGEND W 8 **\$**> ‡ 1 Soil Map Unit Polygons Severely Eroded Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Miscellaneous Water Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Perennial Water Mine or Quarry **Gravelly Spot** Rock Outcrop Special Point Features Sandy Spot Saline Spot Slide or Slip Sodic Spot **Borrow Pit** Gravel Pit Lava Flow Area of Interest (AOI) Clay Spot Sinkhole Blowout Landfill 9 \Diamond × 22 Soils

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 25 percent slopes	0.1	0.0%
420B	Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2.8	1.4%
602	Urban land	97.4	48.4%
626B	Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	80.9	40.2%
631C	Charlton-Urban land-Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	14.2	7.0%
654	Udorthents, loamy	4.7	2.3%
655	Udorthents, wet substratum	1.4	0.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		201.4	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not

mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Middlesex County, Massachusetts

253D—Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2svmc

Elevation: 0 to 1,460 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Hinckley and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hinckley

Setting

Landform: Outwash terraces, outwash deltas, kame terraces, kames, outwash

plains, eskers, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest, head slope,

ser s elene chanc: Linear e

Down-slope shape: Linear, concave, convex

Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from gneiss and/or granite and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 8 inches: loamy sand

Bw1 - 8 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand Bw2 - 11 to 16 inches: gravelly loamy sand BC - 16 to 19 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

C - 19 to 65 inches: very gravelly sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water capacity: Low (about 3.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Merrimac

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, eskers, moraines, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, head slope, nose slope,

riser

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Windsor

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, eskers, moraines, kame terraces, kames, outwash

plains, outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, head slope, nose slope,

riser

Down-slope shape: Convex, concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, moraines, outwash deltas, kame terraces, eskers,

outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear, concave, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

420B—Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w81b

Elevation: 0 to 1,180 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Canton and similar soils: 80 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton

Setting

Landform: Ridges, moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss,

granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 7 to 15 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 15 to 26 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam 2C - 26 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural

stratification

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Scituate

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, backslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Montauk

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drumlins, hills, ground moraines, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Charlton

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Hills, ground moraines, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Swansea

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Kettles, swamps, bogs, depressions, marshes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

602—Urban land

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9950 Elevation: 0 to 3,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ledges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Udorthents, wet substratum

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents, loamy

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

626B—Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2tyr9

Elevation: 0 to 820 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Merrimac and similar soils: 45 percent

Urban land: 40 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Merrimac

Setting

Landform: Eskers, moraines, outwash terraces, outwash plains, kames Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit, shoulder

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loamy glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss over sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from granite, schist, and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 10 to 22 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 22 to 26 inches: stratified gravel to gravelly loamy sand 2C - 26 to 65 inches: stratified gravel to very gravelly sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 2 percent Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.4 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Typical profile

M - 0 to 10 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to manufactured layer

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00

in/hr)

Available water capacity: Very low (about 0.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Windsor

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Dunes, outwash terraces, deltas, outwash plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, riser

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, terraces, deltas Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Hinckley

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Eskers, kames, deltas, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest, head slope, rise

150

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

631C—Charlton-Urban land-Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vr1g

Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Charlton and similar soils: 45 percent

Urban land: 35 percent

Hollis and similar soils: 10 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Charlton

Setting

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Friable loamy eolian deposits over friable loamy basal till derived

from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam H2 - 5 to 22 inches: sandy loam

H3 - 22 to 65 inches: gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 6.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Description of Hollis

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Friable, shallow loamy basal till over granite and gneiss

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 2 inches: fine sandy loam
H2 - 2 to 14 inches: fine sandy loam

H3 - 14 to 18 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 8 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F144AY033MA - Shallow Dry Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Canton

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents, loamy

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Ledges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Scituate

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions, hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: No

Montauk

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

654—Udorthents, loamy

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vr1l Elevation: 0 to 3,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Udorthents, loamy, and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Udorthents, Loamy

Setting

Parent material: Loamy alluvium and/or sandy glaciofluvial deposits and/or loamy glaciolacustrine deposits and/or loamy marine deposits and/or loamy basal till and/or loamy lodgment till

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Minor Components

Udorthents, sandy

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents, wet substratum

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: Yes

Urban land

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

655—Udorthents, wet substratum

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vr1n Elevation: 0 to 3,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Udorthents, wet substratum, and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Udorthents, Wet Substratum

Setting

Parent material: Loamy alluvium and/or sandy glaciofluvial deposits and/or loamy glaciolacustrine deposits and/or loamy marine deposits and/or loamy basal till and/or loamy lodgment till

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Minor Components

Urban land

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Freetown

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Depressions, bogs

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Swansea

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Bogs, depressions

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Soil Information for All Uses

Soil Properties and Qualities

The Soil Properties and Qualities section includes various soil properties and qualities displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each property or quality.

Soil Physical Properties

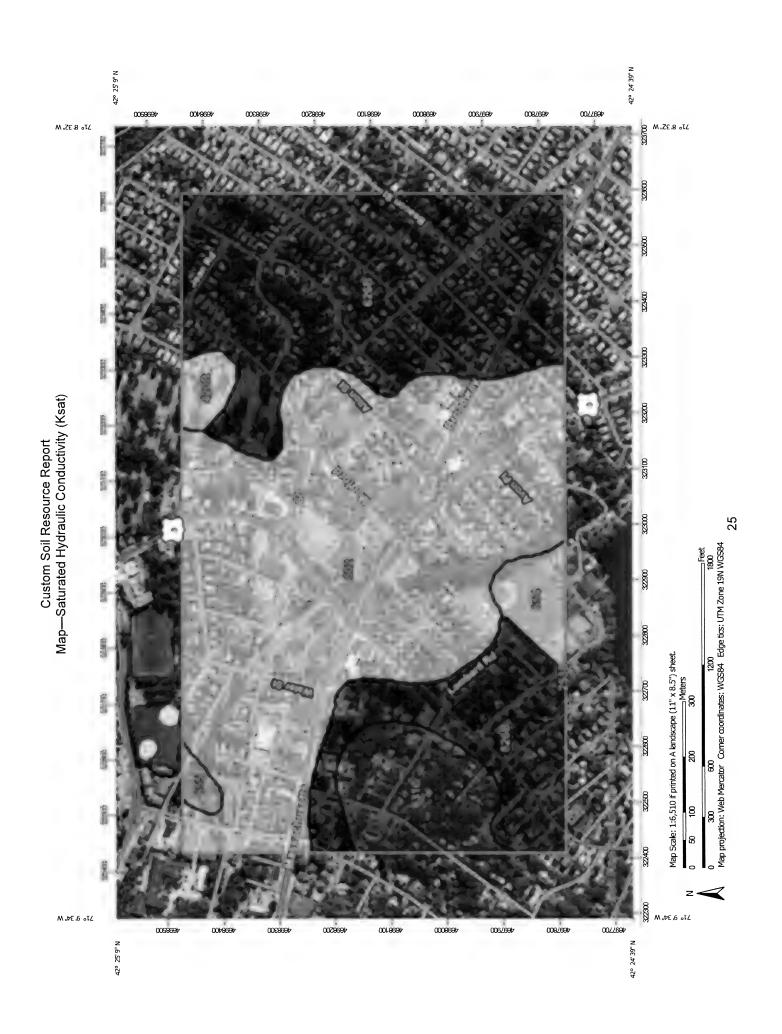
Soil Physical Properties are measured or inferred from direct observations in the field or laboratory. Examples of soil physical properties include percent clay, organic matter, saturated hydraulic conductivity, available water capacity, and bulk density.

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)

Saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat) refers to the ease with which pores in a saturated soil transmit water. The estimates are expressed in terms of micrometers per second. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

For each soil layer, this attribute is actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range of this attribute for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value of this attribute for the component. For this soil property, only the representative value is used.

The numeric Ksat values have been grouped according to standard Ksat class limits.



This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 13, 2020—Sep Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts compiled and digitized probably differs from the background Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soil Survey Area: Middlesex County, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 20, Jun 9, 2020 accurate calculations of distance or area are required. Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) MAP INFORMATION Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Web Soil Survey URL: 1:50,000 or larger. measurements. 1:25,000. 15, 2020 Aerial Photography Background **MAP LEGEND** Not rated or not available Not rated or not available Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Streams and Canals Interstate Highways > 54,0000 and <= 100,0000 > 23.2900 and <= 54.0000 > 23.2900 and <= > 54.0000 and <= 100.0000 > 23.2900 and <= > 54,0000 and <= Soil Rating Polygons Major Roads Local Roads <= 23.2900 <= 23.2900 <= 23.2900 US Routes Area of Interest (AOI) 100,0000 Soil Rating Points Soil Rating Lines 54.0000 54,0000 Rails Water Features **Transportation** } ‡

Table—Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (micrometers per second)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 25 percent slopes	100.0000	0.1	0.0%
420B	Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	54.0000	2.8	1.4%
602	Urban land		97.4	48.4%
626B	Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	100.0000	80.9	40.2%
631C	Charlton-Urban land- Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	23.2900	14.2	7.0%
654	Udorthents, loamy		4.7	2.3%
655	Udorthents, wet substratum		1.4	0.7%
Totals for Area of Inter-	est		201.4	100.0%

Rating Options—Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)

Units of Measure: micrometers per second Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Fastest Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Layer Options (Horizon Aggregation Method): Depth Range (Weighted Average)

Top Depth: 12

Bottom Depth: 120

Units of Measure: Inches

Soil Qualities and Features

Soil qualities are behavior and performance attributes that are not directly measured, but are inferred from observations of dynamic conditions and from soil properties. Example soil qualities include natural drainage, and frost action. Soil features are attributes that are not directly part of the soil. Example soil features include slope and depth to restrictive layer. These features can greatly impact the use and management of the soil.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

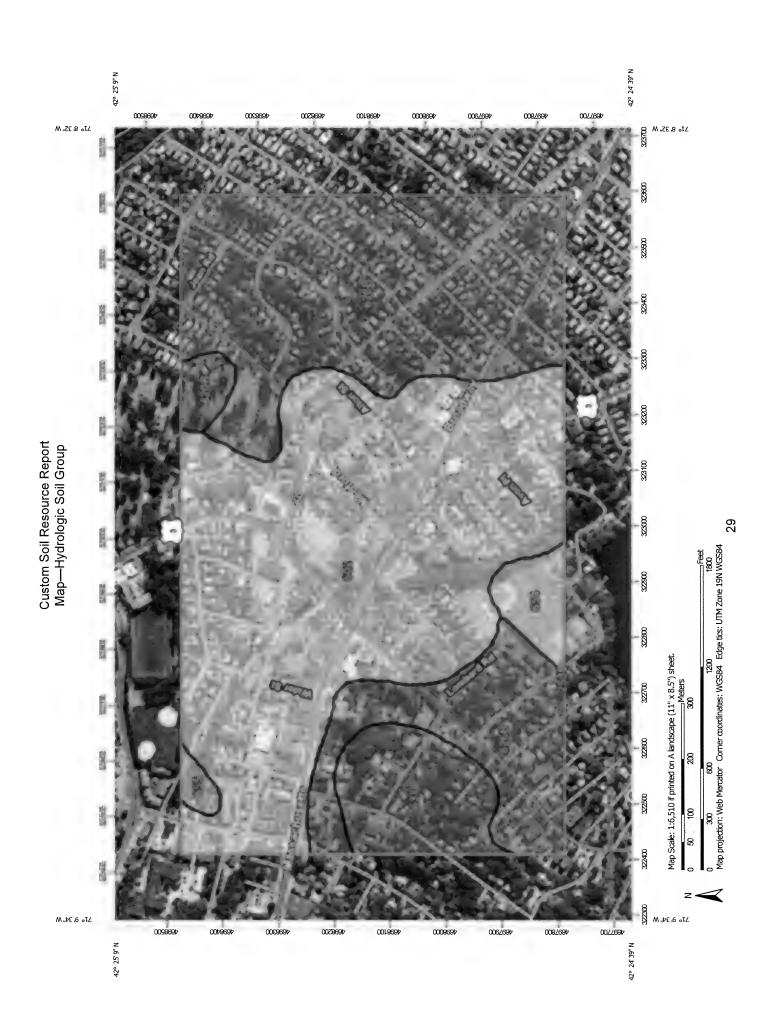
Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



MAPL	P LEGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Area of Interest (AOI)	0	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at
Area of Interest (AOI)	C/D	1:25,000.
Soils	۵	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
Son Nating Tolygons	Not rated or not available	
AVD	Water Features	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and acquired of soil
	Streams and Canals	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of
۵	Transportation	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
B/D	*++ Rails	scale.
O	Interstate Highways	Dlasse rely on the har seed an each man cheef for man
C/D	US Routes	measurements.
Q	Major Roads	
Not rated or not available		Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:
Soil Rating Lines	2	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
A servicement	Aerial Photography	Many than the Man Constant and the Man
A/D		maps from the vved Soil Survey are based on the vved melicator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
ш }		distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the
B/D		accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
O		This product is paparated from the LISDA-NIDCS cartified data as
C/D		of the version date(s) listed below.
Q James		
Not rated or not available		Survey Area: Midulesex Courty, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 20, Jun 9, 2020
Soil Rating Points		
∢		Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50 0:00 or larger.
A/D		
∞		Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 13, 2020—Sep
B/D		
		The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were
		complied and alguized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor
		shiffing of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Α	0.1	0.0%
420B	Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to B percent slopes	В	2.8	1.4%
602	Urban land		97.4	48.4%
626B	Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	A	80.9	40.2%
631C	Charlton-Urban land- Hollis complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	A	14.2	7.0%
654	Udorthents, loamy		4.7	2.3%
655	Udorthents, wet substratum		1.4	0.7%
Totals for Area of Inter-	est		201.4	100.0%

Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

References

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LOCUS MAP

APPLICANT: 2-14 MEDFORD STREET, LLC 455 MASSACHUSETTS AVE, STE 1 ARLINGTON, MA 02474

LIST OF DRAWINGS

ARCHITECT: MARKET SQUARE ARCHITECTS 104 CONGRESS STREET, STE 203 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

(603) 501-0202

CIVIL ENGINEER, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT & LAND SURVEYOR:
ALLEN & MAJOR ASSOCIATES, INC.
100 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 5
WOBURN, MA 01801
(781) 985-6889

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN SET

455-457 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE

ARLINGTON, MA 02476





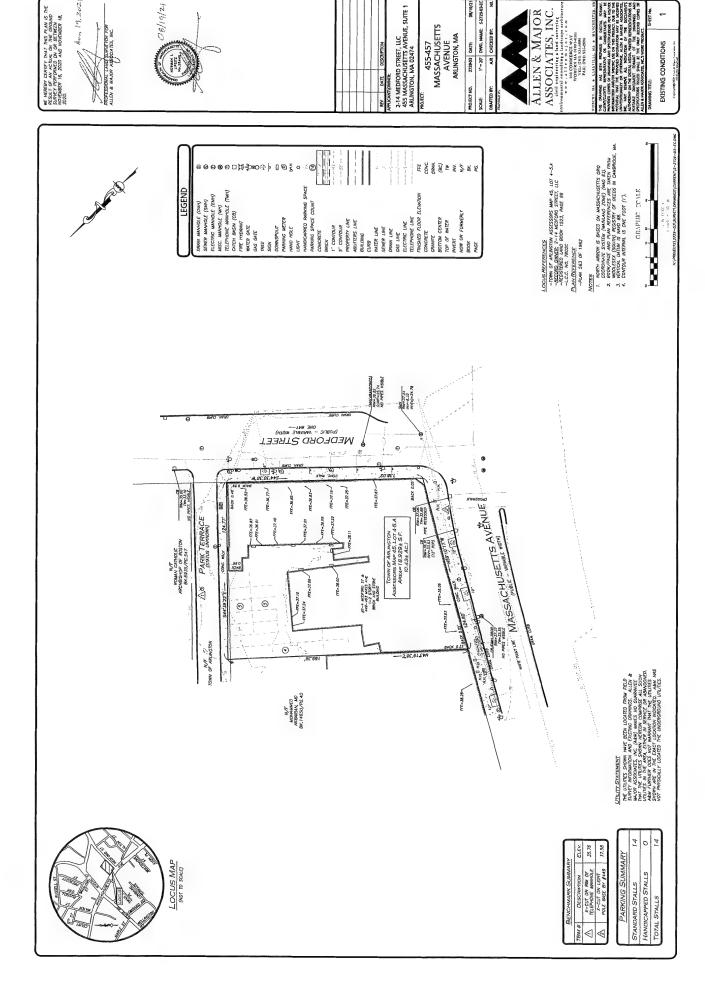
PRDFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR ALLEN & MAJOR ASSOCIATES, INC.

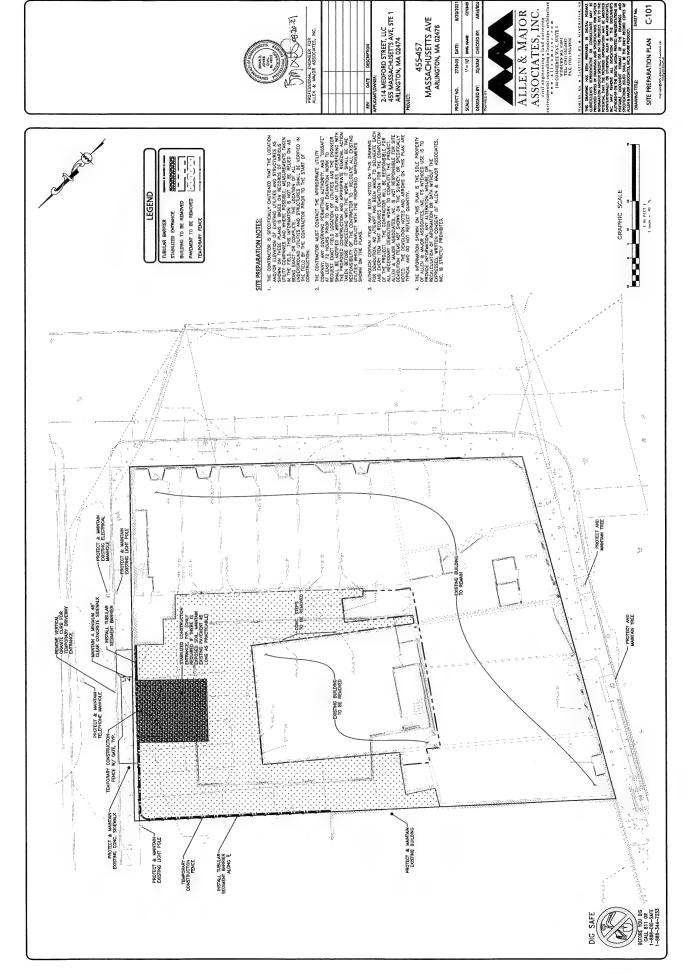
ISSUED FOR ARB REVIEW: 8/20/2021

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WORURN, MA & LAKEVILLE, MA & MANGHESTER, NH





C-101

SHARED PARKING SUMMARY TABLE	
	1
MIXED-USE" SHALL BE THE SUM OF USES COMPUTED SEPARATELY	REQUIRED
*FOR MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, THE FIRST 3,000 SQUARE FEET OF NON-RESIDENTIAL SPACE. IS EXEMPT FROM THE PARKING BY RECUIREMENTS OF SECTION 6.1 IN THE ARRUNGTON SONING BY WAY	1
SERVICE: 5,377 S.F. 1 PER 300 S.F. → 1 x (5,377-3,000)/300 = 7.9	7.9
eUSINESS: 1,255 S.F. 1 PER 500 S.F. → 1 x 1,255/500 = 2.5	2.5
OTHER RETALL 1,951 S.F. 1 PER 300 S.F 1 x 1,951/300 = 6.5	6.5
ONE—BEDROOM APARTMENT UNIT (APARTMENT: 13 UNITS) 1.15 PER UNIT - 1.15 × 13 = 15.0	15.0
TOTAL REQUIRED PARKING BASED ON INDIVIDUAL USES:	31.9
TOTAL PARKING PROVIDED:	

ALM, ESPACES, REQUIRED.

1004, ASPACES, RECURRED.

1004, ASPACES, RECURRED.

1004, ASPACES, RECURRED.

1004, ASPACES, THE ROW, OWN ACCESSIBLE.

TOTAL PROPOSED 20 2 М 56

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	CYCLE PARKING TABLE NOTES: REQUIRED NUMBER OF SPACES ARE FROM BICYCLE APPENDIX A BIKE PARKING BY-LAW.
	BICYCLE PARKING 1. REDUIRED N APPENDIX A

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LEGEND	PROP, PROPERTY LINE	SIGN	BOLLARD	BUILDING	BUILDING ARCHITECTURE	BUILDING INTERIOR WALLS	CURB	PARKING STRIPING	HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE	SIDEWALK	ADA ACCESSIBLE RAMP	PERMEABLE PAVERS	SAW-CUT LINE	PARKING COUNT	COMPACT PARKING STALL
_															_

ZONING BB-VILLAGE BUSIN	ZONING SUMMARY TABLE BUSINESS (MOCEDAISE \$20,000SF)	BLE =20,000SF)	
ПЕМ	REDUIRED/ ALLOWED	EXISTING	PROPOSED
MINIMUM LOT AREA	N/A	18,929± SF	18,929± SF
MINIMUM LOT AREA PER UNIT	N/A	N/A	N/A
MINIMUM FRONTAGE	50 FT	124.8± FT MASS, AVE	124.8± FT MASS, AVE
MINIMUM FRONT YARD SETBACK	140	140	FO
MINIMUM SIDE YARD SETBACK	D FT	0 FT	다
MINIMUM REAR YARD SETBACK	(H+F)/6 (I)	0.6 FT	0.6 FT
LANDSCAPED OPEN SPACE	10% (2)	0%	24.1%
USABLE OPEN SPACE	20% (2)	DX	20
MAXIMUM HEIGHT	F1 09	<35 FT	<35 H
MAXIMUM HEIGHT STORIES	2	2	2
FLOOR AREA RATIO	1.50	0.98	1.50(3)
ZONING TABLE NOTES.			

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR

455-457 MASSACHUSETTS AVE ARLINGTON, MA 02476

PROJECT NO. 2729-03 DATE. SCALE: 1"-20 DWG. NAME.

2-14 MEDFORD STREET, LLC 455 MASSACHUSETTS AVE, STE 1 ARLINGTON, MA 02474

NOTES

ALLEN & MAJOR
ASSOCIATES, INC.
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THE INFORMATION SIGNED IN THIS PLAN IS THE PROPERTY OF LATENCH ALCOHOLDS IN THE SIGNED IN THE SIGNED

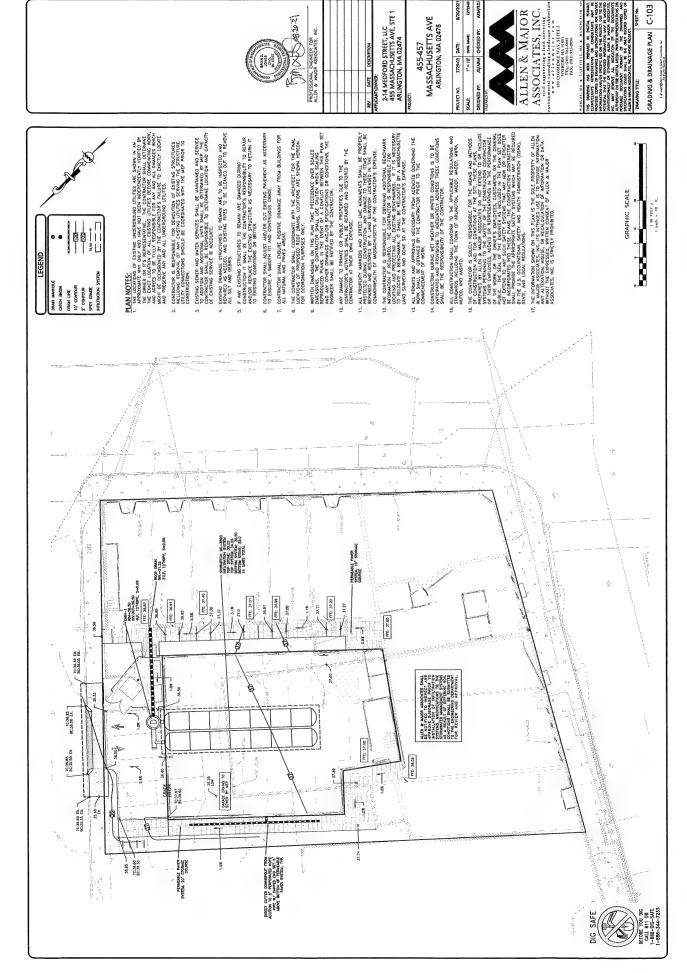
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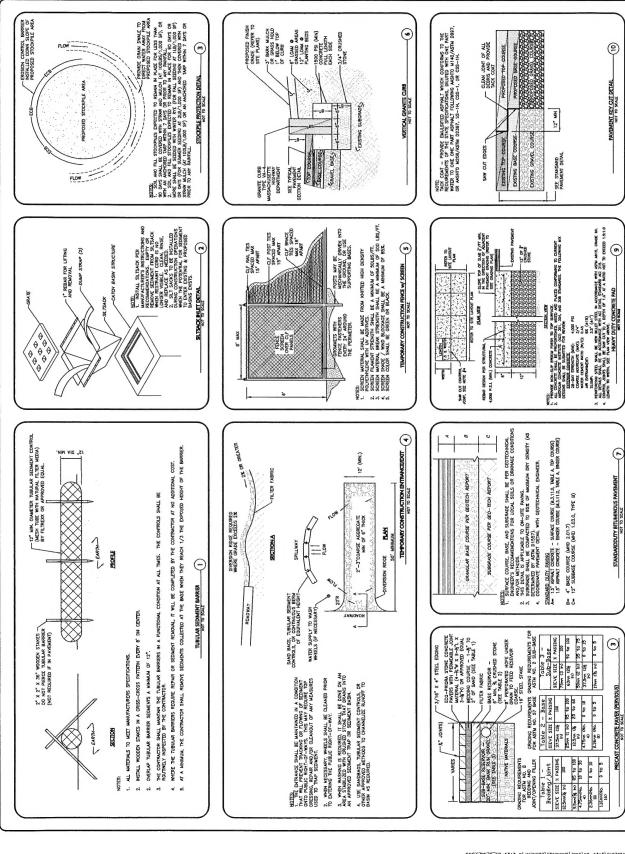
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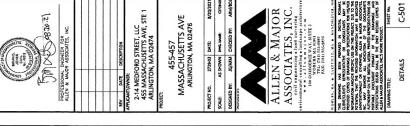
LAYOUT & MATERIALS PLAN | C-102



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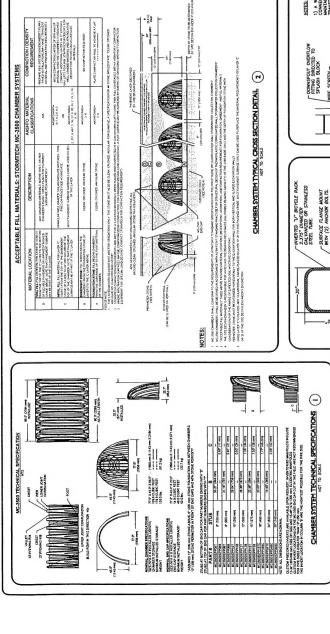
STANDARDDUTY BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT
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(m)

PRECAST CONCRETE PAYER (PERVIOUS)

2.36nn (No. 0 to 5 4.75nm CNo. 0 to 10

2.36m/No. 0 to 10 1.16m/No. 0 to 3 116 16



TRAFFIC AND SAFETY SIGNAGE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MUTCO) STANDARDS. 2. MOUNTING HEIGHT IS DEFINED AS THE DISTANCE FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN TO THE NEAR EDGE OF THE PAYEMENT.

(m)

SIGN TABLE

REFLEC-TORIZED

DESCRIPTION

HEIGHT

SIZE 12° 26°

SIGN DESC.

(1) 100 mest (1) 1

ALL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHAMBERS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANC WITH THE WANUFACTURER'S LATEST OCSICIN MANUAL. THE INSTALLATION OF CHAMBERS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WANDIFACTUREN'S LATEST INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

DNIY CHANBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE ENCINEER WILL BE ALLOWED.

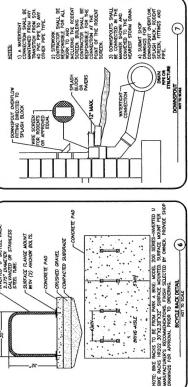
CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

3. CHAMBURS SHALL BE DESCHIOD IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTA (728).
"STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESCAN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUCATED WALL STORWANTER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROADE COATHAIGUS, UNDRSTRUCTED SITER SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORT PANELS.

CHAMBERS SHALL BE STURMENTED FROM VRGM POLYPROPILITY
 CHAMBERS SHALL BE WANDSKITIBED FROM VRGM POLYPROPILITY
 POLYTHYLDE RESING 17570 USAN STANDARDS.
 TOTAL SHALL SHALL SHALL SHALL SHALL STANDARD

STORMWATER CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

WHITE TEXT ON BLUE FIELD WITH WHITE BORDER



•

BICYCLE RACK DETAIL

INSERTA THE CONNECTION DETAIL (4) MC-SERIES END CAP INSERTION DETAIL

NOTE: SART MUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON MLT. PINE MATERALS. CONTACT ST DRATECH FOR MORE INFORMATION.

:

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MANAGE AND A

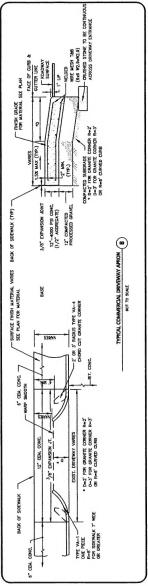
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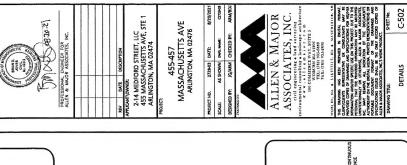
CRUSHED GRAVEL COMPACTED SUBGRADE

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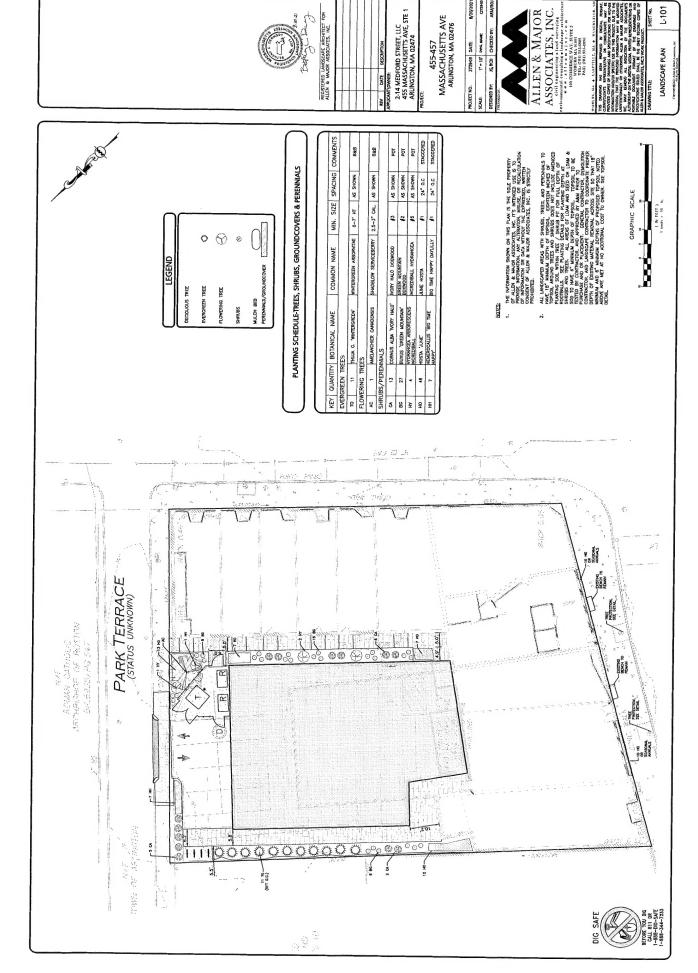
INSERTA TEE DETAIL

MATERIAL MAY WARY (PVC, HOPE, ETC.)





CHAMBER STREAM TYPICAL END CAP DETAIL (5)





THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING ALL UTILITY COMPANIES, ANY PERMITTING ACENCIES, AND "DIC-SAFE" (1-BBC-344-7233) AT LEXET 72 HOURS IN ADMINES OF ANY WHIST THAT WILL REQUIRE EXCANTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNERS REPRESENTATIVE OF WAY CONFLICTS IN WRITHING. PLANTING PLAN IS DIAGRAMMATIC IN NATURE, FINAL PLACEMENT OF PLANTS TO BE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT IN THE FIELD.

AN DESENDER A METANDER A DELANGE AN DESENDER OF

NO PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE INSTALLED UNTIL ALL CRADING AND CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN THE MANDUAL TAXA, ANY TREST SHOTED S, SEAL OR SELECTED BETHE UNDISCHE ARCHITECT.

SEE
LWDSCAPE
PLAN
GENERAL NOTE

1
FOR DEFTHS

- ALL TREES SHALL BE BALLED AND BURLAPPED (BACE) UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED OR APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT,
- CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY QUANTITIES SHOWN ON PLANT LIST. OLUNTITIES SHOWN ON PLANS SHALL GOVERN OVER PLANT LIST.

ý 7.

ANY PROPOSED PLANT SUBSTITUTIONS MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.

X OF TOTAL WEIGHT 45 X - 65 X 15 X - 35 X 5 X - 20 X

TEXTURE CLASS SAND SILT CLAY

- ALL PLANT MATERALS, INSTALLED SHALL MEET THE GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE SANDARDS FOR NURSERY STOCK PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYARD. вó
 - ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR FOLLOWING DATE OF ACCEPTANCE. 6
 - ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE NOTED SHALL RECEIVE 6" OF SUITABLE LOUM & SEED. LAWN SIMIL 31 OR OREAIER SLOPES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITHAM AN ENDSION CONTROL BLANKET. 10.
- ANY FALL TRANSPLANTING HAZARD PLANTS SHALL BE OUG IN THE SPRING AND STORED FOR FALL PLANTING. TREES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM CALIPER AS INDICATED ON THE PLANTING SCHEDULE TAKEN ONE FOOT ABOVE THE ROOT CROWN. 12. Ę

NOTES: 1. TOP OF LOAM (TOPSOIL) IS FINISH GRADE.

X PASSING 100 85-100 60-85 38-60 10-35 LESS THAN 5X

SEPE 3/8 3/8 NO. 200 20 um

ALL PLANT BEOS AND TREE SAUCERS TO RECEIVE 3" OF PINE BARK MULCH. GROUND COVER AREAS SHALL RECEIVE 1" OF PINE BARK MULCH

5.

- ALL DECIDIOUS TREES ADJACENT TO WALKWAYS AND ROADWAYS SHALL HAVE A BRANCHING PATTENT TO ALLOW FOR A MINIMUM OF 7' OF CLEARANCE BEYNERS THE REROUND AND THE LOWEST BRANCH. ź
- CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR WATERING, AND RESEEDING OF BARE SPOTS UNTIL A UNIFORM STAND OF VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED AND ACCEPTED. ALL TREE STAKES SHALL BE STAINED DARK BROWN.

t. π.

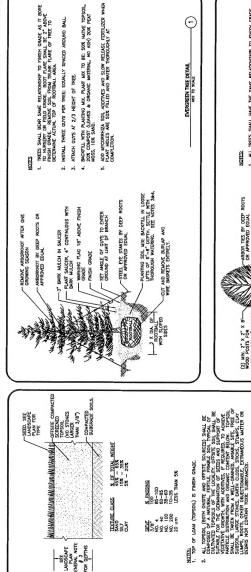
- ALL PARKING ISLANDS PLANTED WITH SHRUBS SHALL HAVE 24" OF TOP SOIL. FINISH GRADE SHALL BE EQUAL, TO THE TOP OF CURB.
- SOIL SAMPLES, TESTS, AND SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR THE OWNER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, 4 6
- HAMBORN IN WEARING THE ARROND OF THE ARROND WATER THOUSEN THE METALLEN IN ALL FAVIL RESS WHICH ARITH THE BUILDINGS WHIT HAMBORN WATER WATE

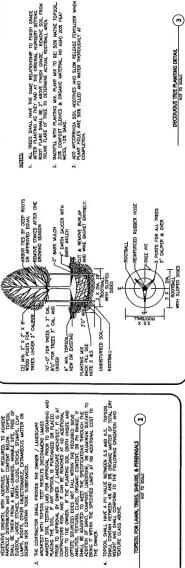
TOPSOIL SHUL HAVE A PH VALUE RETMEEN 5.5 AND 6.5. TOPSOIL, REALL CONTINN BETWEEN 4.7 AND 35 ORGANIC MATER OF TOTAL DRY WEIGHT AND SHULL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING GRADATION AND TEXTURE CLASS ABOVE.

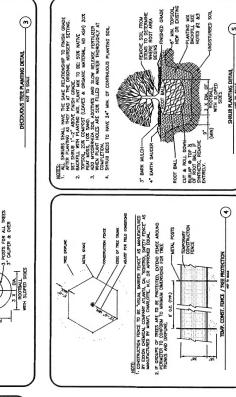
©

TOPSOIL FOR LAWN, TREES, SHRUBS, & PERENNIALS NOT TO SOLLE

HE APPOSED, LANGELONE, REES, RAILHOUS ONDET, LANGES, THERE, SHIVE BESS, AND PERSINALLS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH WITH PITTOLINE. THE PROVIDED WITH WITH PITTOLINE. THE PROVIDED WITH WITH PITTOLINE. THE PROVIDED WITH PITTOLINE AND ADMIT SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH PITTOLINE. WE RESPONSE THE PITTOLINE SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH SHALL









2-14 MEDFORD STREET, LLC 4S5 MASSACHUSETTS AVE, STE 1 ARLINGTON, MA 02474

MASSACHUSETTS AVE ARUNGTON, MA 02476 455-457

(7)

PROJECT NO.	2729-03	DATE	8/20/2
SCALE	Æ	DWG. HALLE:	8
DESIGNED BY:	λ. Β	CHECKED BY:	ARM

2 2 3

ALLEN & MAJOR

ASSOCIATES, INC.

FINISHED GRADE

FEMOVE SOIL FROM STEMS TO DETERMINE WHERE ROOT AREA BEGINS

NEW OR EXISTING

NDISTURBED SOIL

. (NIN)

(v)

SHRUB PLANTING DETAIL HOT TO SCALE

L-50 LANDSCAPE DETAILS

BEFORE YOU DIG CALL 811 OR 1-888-DIG-SAFE 1-888-344-7233 DIG SAFE